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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....APRIL 5, 1894.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Thos. W. Mason, of Northampton county, will deliver the oration at the laying of the corner stone of the North Carolina Confederate monument at Raleigh.

According to the Director of the Mint the gold output for the world for 1893 was $150,000,000 for 1892. In the United States there was an increase of $5,000,000 and in South Africa of $6,000,000.

President George T. Winston, of the University has accepted an invitation by the executive committee of the South Carolina Teachers' Association to address that body at their annual meeting in Spartanburg next July.

Three sons of British Peers, who are now members of the English House of Commons, advocate a statute repealing the present law prohibiting Peers sitting in the House of Commons. Such a law, it is said, would deprive the upper House of its last member.

The greeting "Hello, Governor," is apt to attract the attention of nearly half the members of the United States Senate nowadays, observes the New York Post. Colquitt, Gordon, Harris, Bate, Hawley, Vance, Coke, Perkins, Shoup, Proctor and Hill are among those who have been executives of the States which they represent.

The latest published statistics show that there are in the United States more than 2,700 public high schools, with about 210,000 pupils. Of these 25,000 are being prepared for college. There were at the same time more than 1,700 private secondary schools, with 98,000 pupils. Of these 20,000 were being prepared for college.

According to the figures presented by the London Times in its agricultural review of the past year, the area in Great Britain devoted to wheat was 1,798,849 acres; to barley, 2,251,293, and to oats, 4,435,944. The wheat crop is estimated 45,429,407 bushels. The paper says that at the end of the year there were 2,079,587 horses in Great Britain, 11,207,554 head of cattle, 31,774,824 sheep and 3,278,030 pigs.

The Behring Sea seals threaten to be the cause of about as much trouble as usual this Summer, says the New York Times. The regulations for their protection suggested by the Paris Tribunal of Arbitration will not execute themselves, and legislation for their enforcement has been delayed until the last moment, and may not come in time to have effect this year, in which case the old modus vivendi may be revived once more.

A resident of Indianapolis, says the New York World, possesses an interesting war souvenir in the form of a copy of the Vicksburg (Miss.) Citizen printed on wall-paper. The date is July 2,1864, two days before Grant took the city. One item of wider interest now than when it was printed, relates that "the great Ulyses—the Yankee general-issimo surnamed Grant—had expressed his intention of dining in Vicksburg on Saturday next and celebrating the Fourth of July by a great dinner, and so forth. Ulyses must get into the city before he dines in it. The way to cook a rabbit is 'first catch the rabbit,' &c."

A conductor of one of the trolley smoking cars in Philadelphia, in speaking of the popularity of the cars, recently said, says the Wilmington Star, that it was a peculiar fact that they are being used more by women than by men. "The ladies frequently occupy all the seating room," he remarked, "and the man who wants to smoke, for whom the accommodation was really provided, has to enjoy his cigar standing up." When asked how he accounted for this, the conductor replied: "Well, I asked a woman acquaintance about it and she told me that so far as she was concerned she liked to have men around her and added 'and as a rule, all real men smoke.'"

England has invited the United States government to send a troop of cavalry to London, to participate in the royal cavalry tournament, to take place next May. All the principal armies of the world, have been invited and the affair will be international in character, and each government is expected to send the flower of its cavalry, and the competition in drill will be specially sharp and active. Gen Schofield says that the United States cavalry can hold its own against the world in competitive drill, but there is some question as to whether the invitation can be legally accepted. We trust it can be overcome.

The reported loss of $1,000,000 on truck, etc., says the Commissioner of Agriculture, while apparently a loss is really destruction without loss, as truckers will get high prices which would not have been the case if there had been a full crop. The North Carolina truckers were complaining that the Norfolk truckers were up with them. There is now a prospect for those who have anything to get something for it. There will be no over production. The Commissioner, says the Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger, cannot yet estimate the loss to wheat and oats, but says wherever there are jointed it is heavy. The sheriff of Gaston tells me the wheat has fallen down in his part of the State, and that the damage to wheat and oats is heavy. All the fruit is gone. Grapes are hurt in some cases. In some sections the farmers are plowing up the destroyed truck crops, particularly beans, and planting.

In connection with the recent interest which has developed in this State in regard to the subject, it is interesting, says the Raleigh Observer, to note that the new beet sugar industry, which some opponents of sugar are disposed to ridicule as incapable of any great development, has shown some important results during the past season. The total production of the seven factories which have been established aggregated 44,953,024 lbs., as compared with 27,083,322 pounds during the previous season, or a gain of 17,869,702 pounds. All the factories show a greatly increased production but that at Grand Island, Neb., where there was a small decrease, owing to local causeuses. When one reflects that there are more than a dozen States in which sugar beets can be profitably grown it will be readily seen that the beet sugar industry is capable of enormous development in the United States.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Specials to the Jacksonville Times Union from the fruit and vegetable districts indicate that the cold spell has done but little damage in the uplands. In the northern section of the State some damage is reported but south of Jacksonville no harm has been done. The tobacco crop is reported uninjured. ——A terrible tragedy was enacted in Jacksonville, Fla., last week, in which C. S. Huff and bride, who had been married but three hours previously lost their lives. Some time ago Mrs. Huff married Thos. Trainor, a steam boat captain. Last fall she obtained a divorce from Trainor and married Huff. Trainor claims that he went to Huff's house to obtain his clothes and was ordered out by Huff. He refused to go without the clothes. Huff advanced towards him with a knife in his hand. Trainor drew his pistol and shot him dead. He also claims that Mrs. Huff was shot accidentally by going between him and Huff. Both died instantly. ——Robert Bates, arrested in Petersburg for counterfeiting, is an escaped Wake county convict. ——All the grapes at the State experiment farm are killed. Grapes in other vineyards are badly injured by the recent frost. ——Judge Williford, of Henrico county, Va., adhers to the decision against allowing Belva Lockwood to practise in his court. She will apply to the Supreme court. ——Senator Stewart has introduced a bill for the full and unlimited coinage of silver. He would not let it go to the Committee on Finance but had it laid on the table, to be called up for discussion. The impression gains ground that such a bill can be passed through both Houses of Congress. ——The Annapolis naval cadets defeated Yale by a score of 4 to 3. ——Mr. Howard Gould is to be married to Miss Bessie Kirkland, daughter of Gen. W. W. Kirkland of Savannah, Ga. ——John Wilts' residence at McKendree, West Va., was burned last week. His eight children and Miss Mollie Henrick, a servant, were burned to death. Two of the children were twins, six weeks old. Mrs. Wilts' made an effort to save them but she had to leave them to perish with the others. The fire occurred at 6 o'clock and the roof was falling in when discovered. ——Mr. LaFayette Southerland, of Wallace, N. C., has a large Bible imprinted in London in the year 1611. This Bible has been handed down from one generation to another, and is in good condition. Indeed it is well preserved and has every leaf in it. Mr. Southerland had the good book in the store of Mr. L. L. Mallard. A good many who had not looked over its pages for some time were anxious to look at this ancient book again. ——In the trial of Orange Page and Mary Smith in Wake Superior court, the latter pleaded guilty as accessory before the fact to the murder and the other defendant was convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged June 1st. Mary Smith goes to the penitentiary for life. ——Mr. Cleveland vetoed the Bland Seigniorage bill and returned it to the House of Representatives with a message of 2,500 words, giving his reasons for the veto. ——The people of Darlington, S. C., are much excited over the presence there of a number of dispensary constables whose intention was to search business and private houses for whiskey. The citizens armed themselves to resist the officers. Citizens from Florence and Sumter went to their assistance and the military was called out to aid the officers. The people in mass meeting adopted strong resolutions. The Sumter military company has returned home and peace is restored. ——Later news from Sumter, tells of a fight between the Tillman spies and citizens of Darlington, S. C., which took place last Friday. Two citizens and two spies were killed and one spy and three citizens were mortally wounded. The spies then took to the woods followed by citizens. The surrounding towns are sending aid to the Darlington people. At Florence the arms and ammunition of the military company were seized by the citizens. ——J. C. L. Harris says that not more than 50 of the 240 delegates to the Republican convention will vote against fusion with the Populists. ——An insurrection has broken out in Samoa. ——Thomas W. Mason, Esq., will deliver the address at the laying of the corner stone of the Confederate monument at Raleigh. ——Governor Tillman ordered the military companies from Columbia and Manning to go to Darlington. The companies of the former place disbanded rather than obey the Governor's orders. ——Speaker Crisp declined the appointment as Senator offered him by the Governor of Georgia, basing this action upon his sense of duty to the Democratic party. Mr. Crisp was petitioned by 150 Democrats of the House to decline the appointment as Senator. ——The wooden bridge over Connelly's run, near Radford, Va., which was being replaced by an iron one, fell, carrying eight men down with it, three of them being killed. ——There was great excitement at Columbia Friday night over the Darlington affair, and threats were made against the Governor and also of blowing up the dispensaries. ——Unless by May 1st England agrees to the Behring Sea seal fishery *modus vivendi*, the United States will proceed to arrest all poachers in the closed waters, regardless of nationality. The Secretary of the Navy was directed to assemble his fleet on the Pacific station. ——Maxton was excited over the work of a fire fiend last week. A couple of months ago, says a dispatch to the Wilmington Star, the guard house was burned down and as Maxton is a peaceable place, seldom needing such a prison, the authorities did not build another until last week. The house was nearly finished, when some miscreant piled up rosin and plank inside and set it afire. Mrs. E. J. McRae saw the fire soon after it was started and gave the alarm. Mayor J. S. McRae got there in time to put the fire out, but if the lumber had not been green he would have been too late. ——There are at the present time stored in Government bonded warehouses over 135,000,000 gallons of whiskey and other spirits on which the tax is 90 cents per gallon, which has not been paid. The amount due the Government by importers of tobacco is $10,000,000 more. ——The First National Bank of Wadesboro, recently opened, has $50,000 capital. James A. Leak is President; Charles M. Burns, Vice-President, and S. W. Norwood, Cashier. ——Governor Tillman has issued a proclamation declaring Darlington and Florence counties in a state of insurrection. ——Two attempts was made last week to assassinate the editor of the Oconnee Enterprise, of Watkinsville, Ga. ——Thos. E. Benedict accepts the office of Public Printer. He was Public Printer under Mr. Cleveland's former term.

THE SEIGNIORAGE BILL.

Text of the President's Veto.

To the House of Representatives:

I return without my approval House bill No. 4956, entitled: "An Act Directing the Coinage of the Silver Bullion Held in the Treasury and for Other Purposes."

My strong desire to avoid disagreement with those in both Houses of Congress who have supported this bill would lead me to approve it if I could believe that the public good would not be thereby endangered, and that such action on my part would be a proper discharge of official duty. Inasmuch, however, as I am unable to satisfy myself that the proposed legislation is either wise or opportune, my conception of the obligations and responsibilities attached to the great office I hold, forbids the indulgence of my personal desire, and inexorably confines me to that course which is dictated by reason and judgment, and pointed out by a sincere purpose to protect and promote the general interests of our people.

THE FINANCIAL DISTURBANCE

which swept over the country during the last year was unparalleled in its severity and disastrous consequences. There seems to be almost an entire displacement of faith in our financial ability and a loss of confidence in our fiscal policy. Among those who attempted to assign causes for our distress it was very generally conceded that the operation of a provision of law then in force which required the Government to purchase monthly a large amount of silver bullion and issue United States notes in payment therefor, was either entirely, or to a large extent, responsible for our condition. This led to the repeal on the first day of November, 1893, of this statutory provision. We had, however, fallen so low in the depths of depression, and timidity and apprehension had so completely gained control in financial circles, that our rapid recuperation could not be reasonably expected. Our recovery has, nevertheless, steadily progressed, and though less than five months have elapsed since the repeal of the mischievous silver purchase requirement, a wholesome improvement is unmistakably apparent.

CONFIDENCE RESTORED.

Confidence in our absolute solvency is to such an extent reinstated and faith in our disposition to adhere to sound financial methods is so far restored as to produce the most encouraging results both at home and abroad. The wheels of domestic industry have been slowly set in motion and the tide of foreign investment has again started in our direction. Our recovery being so well under way, nothing should be done to check our convalescence, nor should we forget that a relapse at this time would almost surely reduce us to a lower stage of financial distress than that from which we are just emerging.

I believe that if the bill under consideration become a law, it would be regarded as a retrogression from the financial intentions indicated by our recent repeal of the provision forcing silver bullion purchases, that it would weaken if it did not destroy returning faith and confidence in our sound financial tendencies, and that as a consequence our progress to renewed business health would be unfortunately checked and a return to our recent distressing plight seriously threatened.

This proposed legislation is so related to the

CURRENCY CONDITIONS

growing out of the law compelling the purchase of silver by the Government, that a glance at such conditions and a partial review of the law referred to, may not be unprofitable.

Between the fourteenth day of August, 1890, when the law became operative, and the first day of November, 1893, when the clause it contained directing the purchase of silver was repealed, there were purchased by the Secretary of the Treasury more than one hundred and sixty-eight millions of ounces of silver bullion. In payment for this bullion, the Government issued its Treasury notes of various denominations, amounting to nearly one hundred and fifty-six millions of dollars, which notes were immediately added to the currency in circulation among our people. Such notes were by the law made legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except when otherwise expressly stipulated, and were made receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received might be re-issued. They were also permitted to be held by banking associations as a part of their lawful reserves. On the demands of the holders these Treasury notes were to be redeemed in gold or silver coin in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury; but it was declared as a part of this redemption provision that it was "the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals or a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio or such ratio as may be provided by law." The money coined from such bullion was to be standard silver dollars, and after directing the immediate coinage of a little less than twenty-eight million ounces, the law provided that as much of the remaining bullion should be thereafter coined as might be necessary to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued on its purchase, and that "any gain of seigniorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury."

This gain or seigniorage evidently indicates so much of the bullion owned by the Government as should remain after using a sufficient amount to coin as many standard silver dollars as should equal in number the dollars represented by the Treasury notes issued in payment of the entire quantity of bullion. These Treasury notes now outstanding and in circulation amount to $152,951,280, and although there has been thus far but a comparatively small amount of this bullion coined, yet the so-called gain or seigniorage, as above defined, which would arise from the coinage of the entire mass, has been easily ascertained to be a quantity of bullion sufficient to make when coined, fifty-five millions, one hundred and fifty-six thousand, six hundred and eighty-one standard silver dollars.

PARITY BETWEEN GOLD AND SILVER.

Considering the present intrinsic relations between gold and silver the maintenance of the parity between the two metals, as mentioned in this law, can mean nothing less than the maintenance of such a parity in the estimation and confidence of the people who use our money in their daily transactions. Manifestly the maintenance of this parity can only be accomplished, so far as it is affected by these Treasury notes, and in the estimation of the holders of the same, by giving to such holders, on their redemption the coin, whether it is gold or silver, which they prefer. It follows that while in terms the the law leaves the choice of coin to those paid on such redemption, to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the exercise of this discretion, if opposed to the demands of the holder, is entirely inconsistent with the effective and beneficial maintenance of the parity between the two metals. If both gold and silver is to serve us as money, and if they together are to supply to our people a safe and stable currency, the necessity of preserving this parity is obvious. Such necessity has been repeatedly conceded in the platforms of both political parties and in our Federal Status. It is nowhere more emphatically recognized than in the recent law which repealed the provision under which the bullion now on hand was purchased. This law insists upon the "maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts."

CONDITIONS SUMMARIZED.

The Secretary of the Treasury has, therefore, for the best of reasons, not only promptly complied with every demand for the redemption of these Treasury notes in gold, but the present situation, as well as the letter and spirit of the law, appear plainly to justify, if they do not enjoin upon him, a continuation of such redemption.

The conditions I have endeavored to present may be thus summarized:

First—The Government has purchased and now has on hand sufficient bullion to permit the coinage of all the silver dollars necessary to redeem, in such dollars, the Treasury notes issued for the purchase of said silver bullion and enough besides to coin, as gain or seigniorage, fifty-five million, one hundred and fifty six thousand, six hundred and eighty-one additional standard silver dollars.

Second—There are outstanding and now in circulation Treasury notes issued in payment of the bullion purchased amounting to $152,951,280. These notes are legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except when otherwise stipulated; they are receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues. When held by banking associations they may be counted a part of their lawful reserves, and they are redeemed by the Government in gold at the option of the holders. These advantageous attributes were deliberately attached to these notes at the time of their issue. They are fully understood by our people to whom such notes have been distributed as currency, and have inspired confidence in their safety and value, and have undoubtedly thus induced their continued and contented use as money, instead of anxiety for their redemption.

OBJECTIONS TO THE BILL.

Having referred to some incidents which I deem relevant to the subject it remains for me to submit a specific statement of my objections to the bill now under consideration. This bill consists of two sections, excluding one which merely appropriates a sum sufficient to carry the act into effect. The first section provides for the immediate coinage of the silver bullion in the Treasury, which represents the so-called gain or seigniorage or which would arise from the coinage of all the bullion on hand, which gain or seigniorage this section declares to be $55,156,881. It directs that the money so coined or the certificates issued thereon shall be used in the payment of public expenditures, and provides that if the needs of the Treasury demand it, the Secretary of the Treasury may in his discretion issue silver certificates in excess of such coinage, not exceeding the amount of seigniorage in said section authorized to be coined.

The second section directs that as soon as possible after the coinage of this seigniorage the remainder of the bullion held by the Government shall be coined into legal tender standard silver dollars and that they shall be held in the Treasury for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued in the purchase of said bullion. It provides that as fast as the bullion shall be coined for the redemption of said notes, they shall not be issued, but shall be cancelled and destroyed in amounts equal to the coin held at any time in the Treasury derived from the coinage provided for, and that silver certificates shall be issued on such coin in the manner now provided by law. It is, however, especially declared in said section that the act shall not be construed to change existing laws relating to the legal tender character or mode of redemption of Treasury notes issued for the purchase of the silver bullion to be coined.

UNFORTUNATELY CONSTRUCTED.

The entire bill is most unforunately constructed. Nearly every sentence presents uncertainty, and invites controversy as to its meaning and intent. The first section is especially faulty in this respect, and it is extremely doubtful whether its language will permit the consummating of its supposed purposes. I am led to believe that the promoters of the bill intended in this section to provide for the coinage of the bullion, constituting the gain or seigniorage (as it is called) into standard silver dollars; and yet there is positively nothing in the section to prevent its coinage into any discription of silver coins now authorized under any existing law. I suppose this section was also intended, in case the needs of the Treasury called for money faster than the seigniorage bullion could actually be coined, to permit the issue of silver certificates in advance of such coinage; but its language would seem to permit the issuance of such certificates to double the amount of seigniorage as stated, one-half of which would not represent an ounce of silver in the Treasury. The debate upon this section in the Congress developed an earnest and positive difference of opinion as to its object and meaning. In any event I am clear that the present perplexities and embarrassments of the Secretary of the Treasury ought not to be augmented by devolving upon him the execution of a law so uncertain and confused.

OTHER OBJECTIONS.

I am not willing, however, to rest my objection to this section solely on these grounds; in my judgment, sound finance does not commend a further infusion of silver into our currency at this time unaccompanied by further adequate provision for the maintenance in our Treasury of a safe gold reserve.

Doubts also arise as to the meaning and construction of the second section of the bill. If the silver dollars therein directed to be coined are, as the section provides, to be held in the Treasury for the redemption of Treasury notes, it is suggested that strictly speaking, certificates cannot be issued on such coin, "in the manner now provided by law," because these dollars are money held in the Treasury for the express purpose of redeeming Treasury notes on demand, which would ordinarily mean that they were set apart for the purpose of substituting them for these Treasury notes. They are not, therefore, held in such a way as to furnish a basis for certificates according to any provision of any existing law. If, however, silver certificates can properly be issued upon these dollars, there is nothing in the section to indicate the characteristics and functions of these certificates. If they were to be of the same character as silver certificates in circulation under existing laws, they would at best be receivable only for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and under the language of this section it is, to say the least extremely doubtful whether the certificates it contemplates would be lawfully received even for such purposes.

Whatever else may be said of the uncertainties of expression in this bill, they certainly ought not to be found in legislation affecting subjects so important and far-reaching as our finances and currency. In stating other and more important reasons for my disapproval of this section I shall, however, assume that under its provisions the Treasury notes issued in payment for silver bullion, will continue to be redeemed as heretofore in silver or gold at the option of the holders, and that if when they are presented for redemption or reach the Treasury in any other manner, there are in the Treasury coined silver dollars equal in nominal value to such Treasury notes, then and in that case the notes will be destroyed and silver certificates to an equal amount be substituted.

I am convinced that this scheme is ill-advised and dangerous. As an ultimate result of its operation, Treasury notes which are legal tender for all debts, public and private, and which are redeemable in gold or silver, at the option of the holder, will be replaced by silver certificates which, whatever may be their character and description, will have none of these qualities. In anticipation of this result, and as an immediate effect, the Treasury notes will naturally appreciate in value and desirability. The fact that gold can be realized upon them, and the further fact that their destruction has been decreed when they reach the Treasury, must tend to their withdrawal from general circulation to be immediately presented for gold redemption or to be hoarded for presentation at a more convenient season. The sequel of both operations will be a large addition to the silver currency in our circulation and a corresponding reduction of gold in the Treasury.

The argument has been made that these things will not occur at once, because a long time must elapse before the coinage of anthing but the seigniorage can be entered upon. If the physical effects of the execution of the second section of this bill are not to be realized until far in the future, this may furnish a strong reason why it should not be passed so much in advance; but the postponement of its actual operation cannot prevent the fear and loss of confidence and nervous precaution which would immediately follow its passage, and bring about its worst consequences. I regard this section of the bill as embodying a plan by which the Government will be obliged to pay out its scanty store of gold for no other purpose than to force an unnatural addition of the silver money into the hands of our people. This is an exact reversal of policy which safe finance dictates if we are to preserve parity between gold and silver and maintain sensible bimetallism.

We have now outstanding more than three hundred and thirty-eight millions of dollars in silver certificates issued under existing laws. They are serving the purpose of money usefully and without question. Our gold reserve, amounting to only a little more than one hundred millions of dollars, is directly charged with the redemption of three hundred and forty-six millions of United States notes. When it is proposed to inflate our silver currency it is a time for strengthening our gold reserve instead of depleting it. I cannot conceive of a longer step toward silver monometallism than we take when we spend our gold to buy silver certificates for circulation, and especially in view of the practical difficulties surrounding the replenishment of our gold.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

This leads me to earnestly present the desirability of granting to the Secretary of the Treasury a better power than now exists to issue bonds to protect our gold reserve, when for any reason it should be necessary. Our currency is in such a confused condition and our financial affairs are apt to assume at any time so critical a position that it seems to me such a course is dictated by ordinary prudence.

I am not insensible to the arguments in favor of coining the bullion seigniorage now in the Treasury, and I believe it could be done safely and with advantage if the Secretary of the Treasury had the power to issue bonds at a low rate of interest, under authority in substitution of that now existing and better suited to the protection of the Treasury.

I hope a way will present itself in the near future for the adjustment of our money affairs in such a comprehensive and conservative manner as will accord to silver its proper place in our currency; but in the meantime I am extremely solicitous that whatever action we take on this subject may be such as to prevent loss and discouragement of our people at home, and the destruction of confidence in our financial management abroad.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Stay in the Party and Smash the Machine.

Zadock in Lanrinburg Exchange.]

It is hard, I say, to see our own Senators so weakly yield to the power of the enemy, the plutocrats, and we are apt to say very imprudent things about leaving the party. But suppose we do leave, where shall we go? If the principles of Democracy are founded on justice and truth, it is folly to desert them on account of the treachery of scoundrels, besides where can we turn in the hope of bettering our condition? Can we find any relief in the Republican camp? * * But the "Peoples Party" stand ready to receive you does it? Well what consolation do you get from the "One-third Party"? In the first place the platform is one from which every freeman must revolt. It advocates making the national government a merciless machine more deceptive and arbitrary than the Russian monarchy to-day. It would totally obliterate the *individual* and his rights, and perpetuate and magnify the unlimited power of the governmental machine. It is a bundle of inconsistency and absurdity. It declares that the government has already invaded the rights of the States, in protecting and strengthening national banks and advocates extending this national supervision over railroads, telegraph lines and even the potatoes and pumpkins from the farmers field. * * But if the platform were better the greatest obstacle in the way of an honest Democrat going over to them, is the wretched mistake the party has made in it leaders. Who can afford to follow Marion Butler? Who can stomach the guilty Gideonite Sotho Wilson? And this is the sort of leaders of this party everywhere. Even their candidate for President was an old sore head who had joined and been kicked out of all other parties. Oh, no, we can not afford to swallow the rotten platform and still more rotten leaders of the one third party.

What then must we do? There is only one thing. The plain common people are the bone and sinew of the Democratic party, and these plain people must make themselves felt, that's all. We must devise some means of sending men to Congress who will represent and not betray us. Our delegation in the House, have, with one exception voted tolerably straight. That one is Bunn and if the people of Bunn's district are stupid enough to send him back they ought to suffer. But they are not going to send him back. Not much.

Matt Ransom must be allowed a nice little rest. He has cut the dude in the Senate long enough. He is a shrewd, oily politician and knows how to fawn upon the people he has sold out, but he must be downed. Now don't growl and cuss the party, but sharpen your old barlow and go to work. Begin now, create public sentiment in your neighborhood. There is going to be a mighty reckoning all over the country this fall. We must reckon some too. Let us not desert the old ship but let every man take an oar.

ZADOCK.

A Remarkable Mirage.

Washington Post.

The Steamer El Norte, of the Morgan Line, having arrived at New York, from New Orleans, reports a most remarkable mirage, or reflection, seen off Hatteras on March 18th. On the day O. A. Benson, the mate of the ship, saw away to westward a big bank of fog. The sea was smooth and the sun was shining.

As he looked at the bank of fog he saw the "counterfeit presentment" of about twenty-eight schooners outlined against the bank. Some were beating north against the wind. Although the weather was clear, a mist would every now and then settle down about the steamer and blot out the picture of the sailing vessels outlined on the fog bank. Then the mist would disappear as suddenly as it appeared, and the sailing schooners were seen hurrying north and south again.

The spectacle began about 6 o'clock in the morning and lasted until about 8 o'clock. Many people on the ship saw it. It was not like an ordinary mirage, but appeared to be some peculiar light from the morning sun which pictured the sailing schooners against the cloud bank. No one of the schooners whose reflection was seen was above the horizon. The first officer said that some of the schooners could be seen with masts and sails and hull above the water line distinctly portrayed, while of others only the sails could be seen, and some of them were cut off in the middle and others did not show their topmasts.

☞The man who always borrows his neighbor's paper to read is a great nuisance. Nine times out of ten the subscriber finds something in the paper to which he would like to refer a second time, but the borrower takes it off and the man who has paid his money for it never sees it again and loses half the benefit of his paper.

Young or middle-aged men, suffering from nervous debility or kindred affections, should address with 10 cents in stamps for large treatise, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Remarkable Month.

Charlotte Observer.]

Speaking of the recent sudden change from almost summer weather to that of mid-winter, Observer Painter said yesterday: "The last week has been characterized by the most remarkable temperature extremes occurring in March that have ever been recorded by the Weather Bureau during a period of 25 years. Within six days in the greater portion of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, both the highest and lowest temperatures yet observed during March have been reported.

"Throughout the middle and South Atlantic States, from Pennsylvania and New Jersey to South Carolina and northern Georgia, Thursday, March 22nd, was the warmest day, so far as the weather bureau has record, that has ever occurred in March; nearly all the stations in this region reporting on that day temperatures of from 2 to 6 degrees higher than ever before recorded.

"The records also show that up to and including March 24th the present month has been an unusually warm one throughout the eastern portion of the United States, there being a general excess of temperature over the normal of about 250 degrees or an average of 10 degrees a day; while last year there was a deficiency of about one-half a degree a day. This period of extremely warm weather was followed on March 25, 26 and 27 by one of extreme cold which extended over almost the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains. Minimum temperatures of freezing and below were reported over all this region except on the immediate Texas coast and middle and southern Florida, and at many stations, particularly in the extreme South and Southwest, the temperatures reported were from 1 to 8 degrees lower than ever before recorded. Severe frosts were general on Monday and Tuesday morning throughout the Gulf and South Atlantic States as far south as northern Florida.

"The southern limit of snow, which last week was confined to extreme northern Michigan, with less than one inch of snow on the ground, now extends from the Rockies eastward over South Dakota, southern Michigan, Ohio and western Pennsylvania, with a depth of about one foot in North Dakota and over one and a half feet in northern Michigan."

Koreo and the Koreans.

Rev Graham Lee is a Presbyterian missionary of Rock Island, Ill., who has been working in the Korean field at Stoul for the last year, according to the San Francisco call. He says:

"The Koreans are an amiable people, and a man can travel all over their country without being molested or ill treated. Sometimes, of course, one will meet a man who is rather uncivil, but generally they are disposed to treat us kindly. Like all other oriental people, they are immoral, and Stoul is no exception among the cities of the east. It is a filthy city, too.

"The people are not at all progressive. There were some progressive Koreans who tried to have a postal system and mint to coin money a few years ago, but the innovations lasted only twenty-four hours; the people rose in revolt. Why did they oppose the post office and mint? Well, you know the orientals are never taught to think. In their schools all the pupils do is to go over mechanically a list of characters before them until they commit them to memory. That's why it is so hard to teach them mathematics. So that it might be said that there was no particular reason for the opposition to the proposed reform other than their objections to progression generally. The Chinese language is taught in all their schools."

A Stubborn Woman.

We read that when Jove had the ordering of mundane affairs, he promised to send rain on any day that would be agreed upon by the whole world. It was reported at last that they were all ready for rain at a certain date, except one old woman who wanted to make soap on that particular day. Women are often accused of being capricious and whimsical; but there is one point on which they will all agree—the desirability of being well, and looking well. Every woman, be she young or old, always wants to look her best; and in order to do this, it is necessary to attain that state of health which will impart a sparkle to her eye, a bloom to her cheek, and grace and symmetry to her entire form. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a panacea for all chronic "weaknesses" and derangements of function peculiar to the sex, and is beyond all comparison the great healer of women.

Coughing

ends to Consumption. Stop the Cough, heal the Lungs and strengthen the System with

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil and hypophosphites. It is palatable and easy on the stomach. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists.

HE COMMITTED SUICIDE!

The Cause and Its Lesson.

Why did he commit suicide? Oh! for the same reason that thousands of others are on the verge of the same sin, or in immediate danger of insanity, paralysis, idiocy, or some other equally unfortunate result of any nervous affection. He knew he was afflicted with a nervous disorder, but was careless, apparently indifferent to the outcome; or he may have lessened his chances for recovery by treating with physicians who had little or no knowledge of such affections, or by deluging himself with worthless so-called remedies. His case was a sad one, but no worse than that of any other nervous sufferer, who has nervous or sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, irritability, melancholy, failing memory, hot flashes, fainting, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia, sexual debility, epilepsy, etc. The same or similar consequences are likely to result to any one who has any of these advance symptoms of an awful end. Do not hesitate in getting rid of them by intelligent treatment. Dr. Franklin Miles, the celebrated specialist, has studied nervous diseases over 20 years, and has discovered the only reliable remedy for them. Thousands of voluntary testimonials prove the virtues of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Alonzo Barker, of Clinton, N. Y., writes: "I was so afflicted with extreme nervousness that I was on the verge of insanity. My hands trembled so that I could scarcely feed myself. I used twelve bottles of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and was cured. It is with pleasure I recommend this wonderful remedy for nervous troubles."

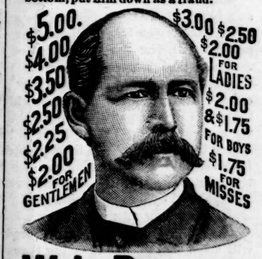
"I had been a great sufferer from chronic headache until I began about four months ago, to use Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Pills, since which time I have not had a headache. Several of my friends are using Dr. Miles' Remedies, and find them, as I did, to be more than you claim for them."—Mrs. Mary Kister, Los Angeles, Cal.

W. H. Capwell, editor Tribune, Plymouth, Pa., writes: "My wife was cured of sick headache of many years' standing by the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. She has recommended it to her friends, and they all praise it highly."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is positively free from opiates or dangerous drugs. Dr. Miles' Pills, 50 doses 25 cents. Free book at druggists, or by mail.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CAUTION.—If a dealer offers W. L. Douglas Shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without name and price stamped on bottom, put him down as a fraud.



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W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below.

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STREET'S Bakery and Confectionary.

Bread, Rolls, Pies and Cakes of all kinds.

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you will find the right place to select a

HANDSOME - MEMORIAL.

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After living nearly four years in Fayetteville, I think the public need have no doubt as to my ability as a mechanic; and after looking through our two cemeteries it will be convinced that my efforts to raise the standard in marble work has not been in vain, as the many handsome monuments and tablets will attest.

With thanks to the public for past patronage I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Very truly,

E. L. REMSBURG.

W. H NEWBERRY & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE

—AND—

House Trimmings,

DRESSED AND ROUGH LUMBER.

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COMPLETE OR SEPARATE.

We can not be undersold. Enquire before purchasing elsewhere.

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—AND—

HAY STREET.

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Railroad Street,

Manufacturers of Cotton Seed Meal and Crude Oil.

Pays highest market price for cotton seed

THE OBSERVER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., APRIL 5, 1894.

THE VETO.

We print elsewhere the full text of the President's veto of the Bland bill. The veto was to be expected. The time for surprise passed when he gave no sign favorable to silver, even during the repeal bill struggle. It is true that it was telegraphed over the country that the President meant to do "what was right by silver," and we remember the effect produced upon many of the people, who concluded that it was an insult to the President not to "trust to his honor." But, as we pointed out at the time, the President never said anything of the kind, being too candid a man to resort to a trick.

EFFECT ON NORTH CAROLINA POLITICS.

In his prophetic dictum last summer, Senator Vance described as "a knave or a fool" the professed friend of silver who would shift the burden of affirmative legislation from the shoulders of the enemies of silver to those of its friends, by voting for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. By so voting Congress surrendered the control of silver legislation, then possessed by it, to the President. Messrs. Ransom, Settle and Bunn, of our delegation, voted for the surrender, and also for the bill just vetoed. As their honesty is not to be questioned, it becomes necessary for them to explain that they did not cast the latter vote as the friends of silver (that is, as the friends of the second section—see the OBSERVER of March 15th); for it is folly to shut the stable door after the horse has escaped. Mr. Settle, being a Republican, can make such an explanation consistently with his party's attitude on silver. And the President's Eastern constituency applaud his course. But Messrs Ransom and Bunn seem to have put themselves in an awkward predicament before *their* constituents.

EFFECT ON NATIONAL POLITICS.

While, therefore, the veto is important as a factor in our State politics, its effect in the country at large will be more important still, viz: the segregation of the Southern and Western Democracy from the Eastern faction. Politics is now concerned with material problems, chiefly the value of monopoly and the value of the money "nominated in the bond" acquired by monopoly. On these problems, involving the concentration, or the distribution, of wealth, the sections seem to be separated by an impassable gulf.

CRUX OF THE ARGUMENT.

As to the veto itself, a careful reading will show that all its reasoning turns on this paragraph:

Considering the present intrinsic relation between gold and silver, the maintenance of the parity between the two metals, as mentioned in this law, can mean nothing less than the maintenance of such a parity in the estimation and confidence of the people who use our money in their daily transactions. Manifestly, the maintenance of this parity can only be accomplished, so far as it is affected by these treasury notes and in the estimation of the holders of the same, by giving to such holders on their redemption the coin, whether it is gold or silver, which they prefer. It follows that, while in terms the law leaves the choice of coin to those paid on such redemption to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the exercise of this discretion, if opposed to the demands of the holder, is entirely inconsistent with the effective and beneficial maintenance of the parity between the two metals.

That is to say, in a contract between the maker of a note (viz: the people), and the holders of the note (viz: a part of the people), the law's express terms shall be subordinated to an inference from the law, so that, by the potency of the inference, the grant of the choice of the coin of redemption expressly conferred upon the one party to the contract shall be the same as if it had been expressly conferred upon the other party! Upon the soundness of this proposition hinges the argument of the veto.

HARD HIT.

The last issue of the OBSERVER appears to have knocked the Charlotte Observer off its pins. See its article as copied below. Whether it was the OBSERVER's reference to Senator Vance's letter last summer in reply to the Charlotte paper's attack on him, or its reference to the machine, or its anticipation of the new crusade against Vance, or what, does not appear. But our once amiable contemporary has lost its temper and its head, and finds it convenient to make reply to what it represents the OBSERVER as saying, instead of what the OBSERVER said. That is not a good way to do.

The OBSERVER didn't say that Senator Ransom should be warred against because the Charlotte Observer had warred against Senator Vance, but that Senator Ransom's course should be condemned by the party for his votes on the Sherman repeal, Van Alen, Hornblower, Peckham, and the sugar scandal; while its reference to the Charlotte Observer's warfare on Senator Vance was used to expose that paper's want of "logic" (if not its "animus") in objecting to warfare on Senator Ransom. Nor did it call the warfare on Vance "criticism," as the Charlotte Observer says it merely did, but criticism "in such ungentle terms as to call out that well remembered and indignant remonstrance from the great Carolinian." (It is best to get a quotation straight.) Nor did it count upon all the Ransomites remaining true to the Democratic party as that paper intimates that it did, but expressly stated its expectation that some of the anti-silver and pro-Peckham Ransomites would go over to the Republicans (where they belong), if their chief should be unloaded by the party. Nor did it calculate that the Ransom bolters would cause the Democracy to lose the election, as that paper intimates that it did, but expressly pointed out that the act which would drive them out of the party they had wrecked would recall enough of those they had banished to undo the wreck.

The "logic" of the following is not apparent: "But suppose they do bolt and the State is turned over to the Republicans and Populists, won't the end which is being sought for at any cost have been accomplished? That end is the defeat of Ransom." On the contrary, if the State were turned over to the "Republicans and Populists" *by* the bolting of Ransom's friends, the Senator would appear to stand a better showing of being elected than at the hands of the Democratic minority with which he now affiliates—unless the bolters should flock by themselves. By the way, are we to understand the words "But suppose they do bolt" as a threat to the Democratic party?

The cause of public morals would be promoted if the Charlotte Observer should give the names of the dull-witted people who are hiding behind a vail through which "the public understanding goes clear through," and upon whom "the public eye" ("Simmons and the Democratic party's" eye, no doubt) rests. Give the public the names of "those in North Carolina" who set Ransom's defeat above "all objects." For that is a serious charge, and a good example should be set the people behind the vail.

All Understood.

Charlotte Observer.

The Fayetteville OBSERVER reiterates its expression of opinion that the proper way for the Democratic party in North Carolina to inaugurate its campaign this year is to open warfare on Senator Ransom. It would justify this policy by saying that the Charlotte Observer set this example "when it criticised Senator Vance's patriotic letter to the Mecklenburg Alliance." The animus of this reasoning is more apparent than its logic. Thus we have this question: "But, coming to a crucial part of this intensely practical question, who is going to bolt if Senator Ransom's recent course is condemned?"

Here it all is: Condemn Ransom—his friends won't bolt, no matter who else bolts. But suppose they do bolt and the State is turned over to the Republicans and Populists, won't the end which is being sought for at any cost have been accomplished? That end is the defeat of Ransom. There are those in North Carolina who set this above all objects, and they are greatly mistaken when they suppose that their design is not understood. The public eye is upon them and the public understanding goes clear through the vail they have thrown around themselves.

CURRENT COMMENT.

We congratulate the Wilmington Star on reaching its 53d semi-anniversary.

* * *

Success to the revived Mount Holly News, and to the Raleigh Daily Press, copies of which are just received.

* * *

"The secret of Senator Ransom's unpopularity, if he is unpopular, does not, in our judgment," says the Shelby Review, "lie in his support of Mr. Cleveland's administration, but is to be found in broken promises, disregard of the rights of other people and in his cruel and unjustifiable war upon Senator Vance and his friends."

* * *

Referring to the "three candidates" now "in the field" for the Congressional nomination in this District, Messrs. Grady, Carraway of Lenoir, and Jonathan Havens, of Cravens, the Newbern Journal justly says: "We find much to commend and little to censure in the public life of Mr. Grady, and it is understood that his private life is blameless."

* * *

The Tariff debate opened in the Senate on Monday, Mr. Voorhees reading a two hours' speech in behalf of the Wilson bill as it has come, amended, from the Senate Finance committee. In the course of his speech, Mr. Voorhees declared that the opposition to the income tax feature of the bill came from "the narrow and corroding selfishness of riches." On Tuesday, the Republican side was presented by Senator Allison, of Iowa.

* * *

We regret to learn that Col. B. R. Moore, Solicitor of the Criminal Court of New Hanover, died in Wilmington on Monday. He was in his 60th year. He had been a gallant soldier in the late war, and was a good lawyer and a gentleman. Hon. A. M. Waddell has been appointed by Judge Meares to succeed Col. Moore. An excellent appointment, of course. Under the law, the Governor appoints; but in case of a vacancy, the Judge. The term does not expire for several years.

* * *

Last week, Governor Northen, of Georgia, appointed Speaker Crisp to the senatorship made vacant by the death of Senator Colquitt. The Speaker declined the high honor at the urgent request of the Democrats of the House, who declared that his retention of the Speakership was important to the party. On Monday the Governor appointed Mr. Patrick Walsh, editor of the Augusta Chronicle, to the vacant place, and Mr. Walsh has accepted the appointment. In both these appointments the Governor indicated his purpose to secure a successor to Senator Colquitt of the same politics, that is to say, a real Democrat of the Vance kind, as opposed to the Cuckoo variety with which several of the Southern States are afflicted.

Hicks and other Weather Varmints.

Editor Observer:

One of the most pestiferous packs of charlatans that have afflicted mankind in all ages is the self constituted, uninspired set known as prophets of evil. They range all the way from comet concessionists, sun extinguishers and world destroyers generally, down to cyclonic, seismic, and tidal wave prognosticators. Unfortunately every assumptious knave or conceited egotistical ass of them is sure to have his credulous dupes by scores and thousands. This is easily effected by bare faced impudence of claim interlarded with a lot of senseless astrological jargon. One of the brood by the name of Miller, hailing from Maine (a section prolific of cranks) turned all New England topsy-turvy a half century ago, filling lunatic asylums with his crazy followers and driving not a few to suicide in their mad effort to soar aloft to celestial abodes from towers and precipice. He foretold repeatedly with horologic precision, "the wreck of matter and the crush of worlds." He has an imitator on the same line to-day, connected with the faculty of Yale University. But to give the go-by to such monumental specimens of foreknowledge, let's come down to the small fry pretenders, the weather prophets. Science sustained by the government and with all of the appliances of observation and instant communication radiating from the signal office to every nook and corner of the country, confesses itself powerless to grapple the problem of meteorologic forecast for more than two or three days ahead. A fig for new fangled science, quoth Vattier and reverend Hicks and others of that ilk. We will furnish you atmospheric phenomena, including storms and earthquakes, and frosts and inundations months ahead to be delivered punctually to the day if not the hour. If you are not supplied on time with these choice delicacies, rest assured that others are. If our prognostics fail three times out of four or even nine times in ten, it's because you happen to be out of the line of circumaerigation (if there be such a word) but others will be certain to catch it. If the cyclone fails to put in appearance on the 29th proximo at your house, look out for the next day's paper and see if it did'nt rotate in the West Indies or the Dakotas or the Cannibal Islands. And so with the earthquake that we told you was a coming. What if it did miss your State and section, you'll be sure to hear of it's rumblings in Hawaii, Japan or "the Archipelago." Infallible seer! News came lately of a little shake up in Zante within the week that one of you said there would be one somewhere. I send you herewith one of these oracular prophecies for the month of March by one of these far seers, with my daily entry of the weather for each succeeding day. It shows that down to sundown on this the 26th *not one* of his terrible predictions, calculated to alarm women, children, and sickly, nervous people in general, has been verified. And yet he will not be deterred by such exposures nor will his dupes be thereby cured of their credulity or cease to pin their faith to his future utterances. We suggest as a trial test of their own faith for one month (and that one not the stormest of the twelve) that they consent to light confinement and light diet for such period of incubation as against a liberal wager or bonus, dependent on the issue. Consent to some such arrangement, gentlemen, or shut up your soothsaying shops for all time. W. J. G.

The Test of a Weather Prophet.

"TOKAY," FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 26, 1894.

February was a remarkably warm pleasant month. Sunday, 25th, the only snow fall (4 or 5 inches deep), which disappeared in 48 hours. Very little wind or severe weather at any time.

HICKS' PREDICTIONS.

Though February did not give this section any extreme blizzards like occurred in various portions of the North and West, it was, taken as a whole, a month of much worse weather and more stormy than usual. And Rev. Irl R. Hicks, publisher of Word and Works, St. Louis, in his forecasts for March, predicts that the coming month will be even more severe than the past with storms more frequent, and advises that proper preparation be made for sudden and extreme cold. He makes the storm periods of the month about the 3rd, 7th, 11th, 14th to 17th, and 25th to 28th. He says; "Centering on the 20th, 21st and 22nd, we have the full moon with partial eclipse of same, the equinoctial centers of Mercury, Earth, Venus, Vulcan's reactionary disturbances, and the direct pressure of the Mars equinox which is central on February 28th. * * Unless this unusual centering of so many disturbing forces, right at the Vernal equinox, shall have neutralizing, balancing effects that we do not now forsee or understand, much violent phenomena is sure to result. Expect cyclonic storms of great extent, resulting in tornadic features along southern tangents, and blizzards to the north, all to be followed by a general cold wave that will be felt to the coasts of Florida."

MARCH.

1st, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 13, 14, beautiful spring weather; no winds and only a little sprinkle of rain two or three times. In fact the prettiest March weather that I ever saw.

15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, continuance of above, with a little wind on the 23rd. 25th a mild, gentle rain, continuing a day, and growing colder. 26th chilly and windy through the day, not unusually so for the equinoctial storm period. Thermometer ranging through the day from 35 to 41 degrees.

TILLMAN'S LIQUOR LAW CAUSES RIOT AND MURDER.

The Militia in Revolt—Four men Killed at Darlington.

A Charleston dispatch of March 30 says Tillman's dispensary law has caused bloodshed and death, stirred up the people of the State to a revolt against constituted law, and induced the militia of the State, almost to a man, to mutiny. Four men were killed in a fight between the citizens and the liquor-law constables at Darlington to-day. The constables were put to fight, and it is said that some of them were lynched. Gov. Tillman ordered out the militia in Columbia and other places, but they have refused openly to obey his orders to assist his spies. The fight occurred at the railroad station as the constables were about leaving town. Constables Pepper and McLendon and citizens F. E. Norment and L. S. Redmond were killed. Authentic news from Darlington is difficult to get. It seems that the whiskey spies were waiting for a train to get away. They had been raiding and armed citizens had flocked to the station to hoot them out of town and to warn them against coming back. Two young men had a personal encounter. The spies crowded around and defied any one to interfere. McLendon, one of the spies, drew one of his pistols, and the others followed suit. Mr. Norment, who is a prominent merchant of the town, was first killed by Pepper, one of the spies. The crowd then opened fire on the constables; and after a volley or two they fled to the woods. What happened after that is not known here. It is known that Gen. T. A. Huguenin, commanding the Fourth Brigade, State troops, received a telegram, at 11 o'clock to-night from Gov. Tillman, saying that the malitia in Darlington and Sumter are in revolt. He ordered Huguenin to proceed to Darlington at once with six companies of infantry. It is not probable that the troops will obey the orders of the Governor. Those of Columbia and other towns have already refused.

Rumor reaches here that the posse of citizens have overtaken the spies and lynched the whole gang. If they have been caught that doubtless was their fate.

Dispatches from Columbia say that that city is intensely excited over the Darlington fight and that Gov. Tillman is very angry. After he had ordered the Manning Guards of Manning to go to Darlington this afternoon, he ordered three companies from this city to go. The Zouaves and the Governor's Guards went to their armories, but when told what their work would be the men threw down their guns and refused to go. The Captain of the Richland Volunteers, the other companies ordered from that city, could not get his men to the armory at all.

A large crowd gathered in front of the different armories to-night, and if the men had decided to go to Darlington, the crowd was prepared to take their guns from them. An entertainment to be given by a local association at the Opera House was postponed on account of the excitement, and many ladies on the streets who expected to attend the meeting cheered and encouraged the citizens in their resistance to the odious law.

Everything is quiet in Columbia at midnight, although there is intense feeling throughout the State. The question of the constitutionality of the law was urged before the Supreme Court about three months ago. The Judges have not yet rendered a decision. Should they decide the matter one way or the other it is believed that everybody would quietly acquiesce and no further trouble would occur.

The first move in this row was made by Tillman on Tuesday last when he wrote a letter to the Mayor of Darlington as follows:

It has been apparent to us for some time that the city authorities and police of Darlington were making no effort to suppress the illicit sale of liquor as required under the Dispensary law. We have watched patiently hoping for a change of policy on your part, but as there are no indications of any purpose to do more than you are doing, and as we are informed by the constables that the police have been obstructing rather than assisting them, notice is hereby given that after the 1st day of April no part of the proceeds of the dispensary will be paid to the city until the State Board becomes satisfied that your police are enforcing the law.

Very Respectfully,
B. R. TILLMAN.
Governor and Chairman of the Board.

On the following day, Wednesday, a number of the whiskey spies appeared in the town and raided some stores. Then they announced that they intended to raid private residences. When this report got abroad, determined men were at once seen walking in the direction taken by the spies, armed with shotguns and rifles. This was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Up to this time there had been much noise, but the crowd was in a good humor, though it was evident that the spies were possessed of a "tired feeling." Affairs grew more quiet while these armed men silently proceeded to stop this tyrannical invasion of what are regarded as the rights of a free people.

For some reason the spies changed their course, making a detour, and crossing to another street. They arrived at their hotel amid the jeers and hootings of a large crowd. The crowd now was very large and meant just exactly what their actions indicated. As the afternoon wore on the spies hid away.

Meantime news of the rebellion had been telegraphed to Gov. Tillman, who ordered out the local malitia company. On Wednesday night T. S. Gaillard, who is the chief whiskey constable of the dispensary force, ran down to Charleston and gathered the entire constabulary force there, consisting of twenty-eight or thirty spies, each man armed with a repeating rifle and two horse pistols.

They left there at 3 p. m. on Thursday, firing a fusillade as the train left the depot, and declaring they would wipe out the town they were going to. Thursday night the Governor ordered the Sumter Light Infantry to Darlington. On the same day the citizens of Darlington held a mass meeting and adopted the following resolutions, which were telegraphed to the Governor:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that a man's home is his castle, and that he is entitled to defend the same against all unreasonable searches.

Resolved, That in the counties of Darlington, Florence, and Sumter searches of private residences, private rooms, and private apartments used by the owners as their dwellings, and not as places of trade, shall be neither tolerated nor permitted, and we hereby pledge ourselves to resist all such unlawful depredations.

Resolved, That the citizens of Darlington, Florence, and Sumter hereby mutually pledge each other to support each other in resistance to all such unlawful acts, and we invite the co-operation of all other law-abiding and liberty-loving people.

Citizens from the neighboring towns had flocked to Darlington and offered their services in resisting any attempt on the part of the whiskey spies to invade the homes of the people. This is the state of affairs that culminated in the outbreak to-day. The spies in the service of the Governor are all regarded as desperadoes and outcasts.

The first outbreak that ocurred in Charleston, in January last, was caused by one of them striking a woman whose residence they invaded. The strong police force put down that disturbance and prevented a lynching. Since then those men have run over this community rough shod.

They openly boasted that the Governor would pardon them should they be convicted of any crime and they paralyzed the law.

The excitement caused by the news of the riot is very intense here. Orders were momentarily expected through the evening for the Fourth Brigade, the crack militia organization of the State, to go to the scene of the disturbance. Should they go they will fraternize beyond question with the citizens.

The brigade consists of four battalions of infantry, one battalion of artilery, including a Gatling gun corps, and a squadron of cavalry. The men would scarcely obey Tillman's orders. The battalion of infantry at Columbia, the State capital, have been ordered to the scene, but the men, it is said, will disband first.

Later news represents ostensible quiet restored, and an investigation proceeding—the Governor having taken control of municipal government, established a censorship of the telegraph, ordered out the militia in place of the State Guard, &c., &c.

A Tribute to the Memory of Thomas H. Wetmore by Chancellor Cobbs.

Birmingham News.

The bar of Birmingham will to-morrow hold a memorial meeting in honor of Thomas H. Wetmore, deceased. Chancellor Cobbs must open court at Huntsville in the morning and can not be present. It gives The News a melancholy pleasure to publish his eloquent tribute to a great and good man. Chancellor Cobbs says:

Thomas H. Wetmore was born in North Carolina. He graduated with high honors at Chapel Hill, North Carolina, and was admitted to the bar in that State. He moved to Alabama about the year 1844, and commenced the practice of law at Livingston, Alabama. He was associated in the practice with that distinguished lawyer, Robert H. Smith, and afterwards with Joseph G. Baldwin, the author and distinguished lawyer. He afterwards was associated with that elegant, and distinguished lawyer Edward W. Smith. He for a short time removed to Selma, Alabama. At the commencement of the war, he volunteered, and was stationed at Fort Morgan. He was at the battle of Shiloh, and was engaged in that great battle. This was the end of his military career. After the war he returned to Livingston, Alabama, and pursued the practice of the law. He was an eminent lawyer, strictly professional, and kind and attentive to the younger members of the bar. He was remarkable for his strict integrity, and was in every respect a man of truth. He disdained success by means questionable, but was open, upright, and loveable in every relation of life. The poor felt his sympathizing care, and solicitude. He was the equal of the greatest, and received the love and admiration of the humble. Associated with the most learned in his profession he was their equal in all that adorned and illustrated a pure and noble life. He was learned in the law, an elegant scholar, well versed in literature, a poet by nature, and a gentleman by birth and education. No one was more agreeable in conversation, or more pure in thought and life. He lived at a time when the bar of Alabama was not excelled by any other bar elsewhere. He was intimately associated with the following distinguished men who have passed away. Turner Reavis, Jonathan Bliss, Joseph G. Baldwin, Robert H. Smith, Judge James Cobbs, John Little Smith, Frank Lyon, Edward W. Smith, and William G Little, and was respected and loved by all of them, and was the peer of either of them. He was not successful in accumulating wealth, because he gave to the poor the larger part of his earnings. While in pursuit of his profession, about seven years ago, he received a stroke of paralysis, which ended his professional career. Mr. Wetmore was not ambitious. He sought no position, either on the bench he would have adorned, or on the political forum, where he was so capable of serving his country. He preferred private life, without official cares; was content to adorn that private life by acts of love and charity, and when the hour came for him to retire from the busy life and spend the residue of this life in the sick room, never was there a more sublime and touching spectacle than the last days of that life. Confined to his room, feeble and frail in body, standing like some "ancient colossus of ruin," we were reminded that there was a time when his logical and cultivated mind equalled the strongest, and when his voice was heard earnestly advocating the right cause with power and logic. For years preceding his death his mind was calm, reflecting upon his religious duties, devoting himself to that preparation necessary to meet his Maker, that he so affectionately served. His heart was warmed by sacred fire from above, and was looking for the time to come when the messenger should say: "I have broken my golden bowl and loosed thy silver cord." Like one sweetly sleeping, he passed away, without pain and without a struggle. We are left to mourn his loss and try to emulate his virtues.

"His life was gentle; and the elements
So mixed in him, that Nature might stand up
And say to all the world, this was a man."

That oily and rough skin cured and the face and hands beautified by Johnson's Oriental Soap; medicated and highly perfumed. Sold by King Bros.

King Bros., Druggists, will tell you that Johnson's Magnetic Oil always gives satisfaction and is the cheapest.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES,
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing, it is general debility. TRY
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite.

Japanese Liver Pellets cure biliousness, sour stomach and all kidney and liver troubles. Small and mild. Sold by King Bros.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ABERDEEN, O, July 21, 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.
DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs.
Have you no agents in this part of the country, or let me know how much it will cost to get three or six bottles from your city by express
Respectfully yours
JAS M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

NEWNANSVILLE, FLA., June 5. 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.
DEAR SIRS—I wish to give my testimonial in regard to your valuable medicine, P. P. P., for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. In 1861 I was attacked with bilious muscular rheumatism, and have been a martyr to it ever since. I tried all medicines I ever heard of, and all the doctors in reach, but I found only temporary relief; the pains were so bad at times that I did not care whether I lived or not. My digestion became so impaired that everything I ate disagreed with me. My wife also suffered so intensely with dyspepsia that her life was a burden to her; she would be confined to her bed for weeks at the time; she also suffered greatly from giddiness and loss of sleep. Some time in March I was advised to take P. P. P., and before we (my wife and I) had finished the second bottle of P. P. P., our digestion began to improve. My pains subsided so much that I have been able to work, and am feeling like doing what I haven't done before in a number of years. We will continue taking P. P. P. until we are entirely cured, and will cheerfully recommend it to all suffering humanity
Yours very respectfully,
J. S. DUPRISS.

New Spring Clothing.

A HANDSOME STOCK
JUST OPENED!

I HAVE SELECTED A STOCK OF
Gents' Clothing
—FOR THE—
Spring Season
that challenges the admiration of every one and I am selling them at prices
Unprecedentedly Low.
My motto for this year is,
"Quick Sales and Small Profits."
I appreciate the fact that money is exceedingly scarce, and that every man will want to buy his
Spring and Summer Wear
for as little money as possible, and I have determined that
No One Shall Undersell Me!
Those who have so generously patronized me in the past may have an opportunity of selecting a
Suit from this Season's Stock
guaranteed to give satisfaction, both as to the quality and the price, if they will call at once. My stock has been ordered
From the Most Reliable Manufacturers,
and I will sell no article that I cannot recommend. I do not deal in Clothing exclusively, but keep in stock
Every Article of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
usually found in a first-class, well-furnished
CLOTHING HOUSE:
CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR,
SHOES, HATS,
NECK-TIES,
and every other article for use and ornamentation peculiar to the
CLOTHING TRADE.
Don't wait until the stock has been picked over, but come in right away and select your suit, and if you can't pay for it now, have it put aside for you.
Yours truly,
H. R. NOVITZKY.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

The Old Friend
And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.
It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomel It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Boweis and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.
☞EVERY PACKAGE☜
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Model 35
Columbia,
Price, $125.
A wheel designed and recommended for the special use of lady riders only, and equipped more fully and satisfactorily in point of guards, etc., than any other of its class. While in this particular it is brought to the standard of the splendid Columbia Model 36, it can be stripped to correspond with the lighter Model 34. The artistic and beautiful Columbia catalogue appeals to the good taste of every woman in the land.
CLARENCE D. SEDBERRY,
COLUMBIA AGENT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GRAND prize drawing of presents Saturday afternoon at 2 P. M. Every lady who attends this sale will participate in the drawing at
B. F. BEASLEY'S Jewelry Store.

BARGAINS in Watches and Jewelry at auction, at
B. F. BEASLEY'S STORE.

ATTEND the closing out auction sale at Beasley's Jewelry Store.

RODGER'S best quality silver-plated ware at auction, at B. F. Beasley's Store.

AUCTION SALE at Beasley's Store. Great bargains this week only.

TOWELS at 5, 8, 10, 12½, 15, 22½, 25 and 43 cts. each.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND,
Cash Department Store.

TABLE CLOTHS at 95c., $1.20 and $1.23 each.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND,
Cash Department Store.

DAMASK TURKEY RED at 24 and 33 cts. yard.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND,
Cash Department Store.

DAMASK WHITE FLOWERED at 33 cts.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND,
Cash Department Store.

DAMASK DOYLIES and NAPKINS at 40, 50 and 60 cts. doz.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND,
Cash Department Store.

J. C. HUSKE, Agent for the HAPPY VALLEY VINEYARD WINE. Orders received at J. H. Robinson, Jr.'s Furniture Store. Good native wine one dollar a gallon.

MR. J. C. HUSKE, JR., representing Daniel & Clark offers a nice CHINA TEA SET to the firm in North Carolina buying the largest amount of Tobacco during the year 1894.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED are the most reliable. Why? Because he is the only one that burns his seed each season For sale only at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

IN BUYING GARDEN SEED, see that you get Landreth's. They are thoroughly reliable. No old seed can possibly be bought. You will find a big supply at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

NO OTHER SEED GROWER DOES WHAT Landreth does, and that is burn their seed each season. MCDUFFIE can supply you with a full assortment.

ONLY 10c. A QUART FOR ONION SETTS, at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

IN BUYING GARDEN SEED it is more important to get quality than quantity. Landreth assures you quality by burning his seed each season. For sale at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

THE OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE SEED man is Landreth, and it is impossible to buy an old seed of his. MCDUFFIE has them for sale.

HENDERSON'S NEW BUSH LIMA BEANS, Henderson's Succession Cabbage, Heroine Pea, Ponderosa Tomato, Country Gentleman Corn, Autumn King Cabbage. For sale by
H. R. HORNE.

HENDERSON'S EARLY ROSE POTATOES, for planting, true to name, of excellent quality, for sale by H. R. HORNE.

OVER 30 MEDALS AND AWARDS received by Peter Henderson & Co. at World's Fair—more than all competitors combined.

HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS—recent additions make the assortment nearly complete. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

PLEASE DON'T ORDER HENDERSON'S SEEDS direct. Save expense by getting them from local agent. H. R. HORNE.

FOR SALE.—A bargain in an Odell Type Writer, good as new. Apply or write to the OBSERVER.

FOR SALE.—A case, complete, of *Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Remedies.* Address "Specific," care of the Observer.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DOCTORS often fail TO Cure.
Eminent specialists are consulted in vain, change of scene and climate have no effect. Your case seems hopeless. Do not Despair. The ELECTROPOISE cures such cases. Read the testimony of North Carolina's best citizens.
Electropoise. "Cures when all else fails."
Rev. R. C. Beaman, of DURHAM, says "he has used the Electropoise with marked benefit, and would not be without it."
Mr. Ralph D. Williams, DURHAM, N. C., says: "The Electropoise cured me of BRIGHT'S DISEASE."
"Be wise with your fellows."
WRITE US.
ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO., Washington, D. C.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
—AND DEALERS IN—
Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.
IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS
Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear, Bridles and Collars,
do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.
—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—
"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR
has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.
FERTILIZERS!
We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements in car load buyers.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 8, 1894.
A. E. RANKIN & CO.

Cocoa and Chocolate,
THE BERLINERS AND LONDONERS DRINK;
Cocoa and Chocolate,
THE AMERICAN DRINK;
PREPARED BY
VAN HOUTEN
—AND—
WALTER BAKER.
Our Green, Black
—AND—
English Breakfast Teas
ARE APPRECIATED BY THE BEST TRADE.
SARATOGA CHIPS,
FRESH ARRIVAL.
R. M. PRIOR.
3—8—94

We Sell The Best Flour.
Martin's Best Creamery Butter,
—AND—
HAZARD'S BEST CANNED GOODS AND OTHER FANCY GROCERIES.
And we Offer Bargains Constantly.
See Our Cash Offers.
We invite the ladies to visit our store. We there are better able to display our stock and take pleasure in doing so.
ONE DOLLAR WILL BUY MANY ARTICLES.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

At Moore's New Book and Music Store,
A BRAND NEW LINE OF GUITARS, BANJOS, ACCORDEONS AND VIOLINS,
just received at prices to suit the times.
YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

Opera Lights
IS THE NEW HIGH CLASS
CIGARETTE
OF THE
National Tobacco and Cigarette Company.
IT IS THE BEST
Cigarette in Fayetteville.
CALL AND TRY IT.
A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

Geo. A. Thomson,
—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT—
Life, Accident and Fire.

FOR RENT.
The large and comfortable DWELLING situated on Arch street, near the Masonic Lodge, known as the Dr. Huske residence. Possession given 2nd of April.
B. R. HUSKE.

The Ætna Insurance Co.
—HAS—
TEN MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN ASSETS.
When you pay your money for Fire Insurance get the best.
B. R. HUSKE, Ag't.

H. H. H.
—ALL PARTIES WHO HAVE OUR—
REBATE CARDS,
punched to the amount of Five Dollars, are notified to send them in during the first week in April, and get their presents. We would remind the public that you still have a chance to get the STOVE. Three weeks more time, and while we have a great many cards out to the amount of 5 and 10 dollars, a liberal buyer could buy more than the largest card out, in a short while.
Remember we are going to give a large number of
SMALL PRESENTS,
and if your card does not get you a
COOKING STOVE,
it will bring you something else useful. Make your purchase at once so your present will be
More Valuable.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

A. B. Williams,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

J. A. Lambeth,
Rear Hotel LaFayette,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES
Stalls for rent at 10c. per night Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap Cash system.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. L. HUNTER, D. D. S. THOMAS M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 29, 1880. tf

Dr. E. L. HUNTER,
Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
2—23—93 tf

J. H. MARSH, M. D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M. D.
DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Office N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

S. H. MacRAE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.

NOTICE.
The undersigned has removed his
LAW OFFICE
from the Thornton Building on Hay street, to the new office on Green street, between the Sheriff's office and the Overbaugh building.
N. A. SINCLAIR.

C. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

After 8 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY.....APRIL 5, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. W. THORNTON—For Rent.
HOPE MILLS M'F'G CO.—Wanted.
MRS. L. R. DYE—Millinery Opening.
SESSOMS & ANDERS—Lovely Faces, &c.
S. W. TILLINGHAST Land Sale for Taxes.
HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND—Towels, &c. —see Specials.
THE METROPOLITAN ONE PRICE RACKET STORE—Spring Offering.
WARREN PRIOR & SON—Eye Specialist, Sterling Silver Ware, &c.
B. F. BEASLEY'S JEWELRY STORE—Grand Prize Drawing, &c.—see Special.

The Fuller case will be argued before the Supreme Court at Raleigh to-day.

Let us have the streets lighted. They are as dark as Egypt, and dangerous to walk.

The amount subscribed to the fund for buying arms for the Independent Company is $550, $204 of which has been paid. Fifty guns will be ordered and will be here in time for Memorial Day.

Judge Bryan will be the presiding Judge at the special term of Cumberland County Superior Court which convenes in this city April 16th. The new Court House will not be ready for this term.

The Friday afternoon concerts by the L. M. A. Band, are greatly enjoyed by our citizens. When the evenings get warmer they will play two or three times a week on the band stand in front of the Academy.

We saw a rockfish caught in the Cape Fear river with a drift net last week, by Messrs. Herring & Jones, which weighed fifty-nine pounds, an unusually large one certainly.

The Memory of Jefferson Davis.

See the notice elsewhere of the performance in aid of the Jeff Davis Monument fund. There can be no stronger appeal to your patriotism. Remember the date, April 12th.

Refreshments will be served in the vacant store next door to Pemberton's book store on Friday evening from 6 to 12 o'clock by some ladies of this city. The proceeds will be contributed to charitable purposes.

I. O. O. F.

Cross Creek Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F. at its regular meeting last week, elected H. L. Cook Representative, and H. R. Horne, Alternate, to the Grand Lodge, which meets in Goldsboro on the 8th of May.

Mr. Archie S. Wightman has accepted a position with one of the largest cigar importing houses in America. He will travel North and South Carolina and Tennessee. He left Monday for Raleigh. We wish him unbounded success.

Cape Fear River Appropriations.

The following appropriations for the Cape Fear have been favorably reported to the House. North East Cape Fear, $2,500; Cape Fear above Wilmington, $8,000; Cape Fear at and below Wilmington, $40,000.

Fayetteville Presbytery.

The Rev. P. R. Law, the Stated Clerk of Fayetteville Presbytery has received reduced rates for ministers and delegates over all the lines of railway needed in coming to the meeting of the body to be held here and convene Tuesday at 8 P. M. April 17th, 1894.

The Late Mr. Wetmore.

Elsewhere is a fine tribute to the late Thomas H. Wetmore, by Chancellor Cobbs of Alabama. Mr. Wetmore, who was a distinguished lawyer, was a nephew of Mr. Badger, and a brother of the late Mrs. Hinsdale and the late Mrs. Broadfoot, of this city.

Fayetteville is at last attracting the attention of pleasure seekers from the North. Nearly every night the Atlantic Coast Line is bringing to this city ten or fifteen Tourists on their way from Florida to the North, and who, having heard of this place, desire to break their journey here. They all go away delighted, and say they will come here next season.

A Healthy Month

Dr. J. H. Marsh the county health officer reports the deaths in this city of two white and one colored persons for the past month. Of the whites one occurred from a railroad accident, and the other was an infant and only two weeks old. Dr. Marsh says the sanitary condition of the county is good.

The "Gruber Family" gave an enjoyable and interesting concert in the Opera House Monday night. The two little Grubers were especially good, causing much amusement and roars of laughter, by their quaint acting and singing. There are nine members of this interesting family. Old Gruber is quite an expert with the violin. He also plays numberless instruments at one time.

Death of Mrs. F. F. Goddard.

We regret to announce the death of Mrs. F. F. Goddard, which occurred at St. Joseph's Infirmary in Savannah, Tuesday of last week. She was the wife of Mr. F F. Goddard, formerly of this city but for the past four years a resident of Lanier, Georgia. The deceased was formerly of Charleston, S. C., where the body was taken and interred on the 27th. She had been married about one year, and leave an infant only one month old.

The C. F. & Y. V. Railway.

On Sunday, to everybody's astonishment, news came that U. S. Circuit Judge Simonton, at Charleston, Saturday, had appointed a receiver for the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, naming Gen. John Gill, of Baltimore. The appointment was made upon the application of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, representing the bondholders of the road. The Charleston News and Courier gives this account of the action before and by Judge Simonton:

Messrs. Frank Jenkins, of New York, and Cowan & Cross, of Baltimore, and Turner, McLean & Halston, of New York, yesterday appeared before Judge Charles H. Simonton, in the United States Circuit Court, with a petition for the appointment of a receiver for the Yadkin Valley Road. The case in which the proceedings were taken is entitled "The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York against the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company," and was brought in consequence of the insolvency of the railroad company. Upon considering the petition Judge Simonton appointed Gen. John Gill, of Baltimore, receiver of the road.

The new receiver is President of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, of Baltimore. The bonded indebtedness of the road is $3,054,000, which bears 6 per cent. interest, and it is said that upon the default of the interest due in December, the bondholders determined upon the application for a receiver. The Wilmington Messenger's reporter learned from General Gill, on his passing through that city on Monday, that he will operate the road from Greensboro in which city he will spend most of his time. He tell us, says the Messenger, "that he thinks the company can soon be reorganized and put upon a paying basis again. The general financial depression of the past year or so, caused the embarrassment of the railroad company, which heretofore has been prompt in meeting its obligations."

On Monday Gen'l Gill passed through this city on a tour of inspection of the road from Wilmington to Mt. Airy. He was accompanied by Major J. D. Ferguson, of Baltimore, (President of the Equitable National Bank of Baltimore and a large bondholder), and by President Lash, Attorney Rose, Superintendent Fry and Treasurer J. R. Williams, who met him at Wilmington.

The running of trains will continue as usual. We have not learned that there will be any change in the personnel of the officials of the road, and trust there will be none. It is understood that all arrearages due employes will be paid.

Fine Music.

Those who were so fortunate as to be present at the monthly home mission meeting at the Presbyterian Church last Sunday evening passed an hour fraught with rare pleasure. Independent of most excellent intellectual entertainment in Rev. A. J. McKelway's brief but forceful lecture, the choir rendered such music as can be heard nowhere else in the State in a church loft, and by no means everywhere North or South. Mrs. McKelway, Mrs Bidgood, and Messrs. Novitzky and Grenameyer make a rare quartette combination of harmony divine—Mrs. McKelway's voice being exquisitely sweet and clear, wonderful in the high notes and of extraordinary compass, Mrs. Bidgood's rich, tender and true, Mr. Novitzky's a model of faultless training and esthetic cultivation, and Mr. Grenameyer's such a grand and thrilling bass as would command the grateful plaudits of the great concert halls of New York.

Now and then one hears fine church music with the organ as the accompaniment, pure and simple. Here it was the inspiration. Touched by the master hand of the organist, Mrs. Hall, it led the splendid number of each burst of music—now moving the heart with its power, now with its sweetness entrancing the taste.

"Penelope."

On Thursday night, April 12th, under the auspices of the Ladies Memorial Association of Fayetteville, a delightful Comic Opera with the above title will be given at the F. I. L. I. Armory, for the benefit of the Jeff Davis Monument Fund.

The very best talent of the city with valuable assistance from abroad will take part in making this entertainment the musical event of the season.

Let the proverbial patriotism of our people manifest itself in the fullest kind of a full house.

All ladies are requested to meet in the Armory at 4 o'clock, sharp, on to-morrow, Friday, the 6th day of April and confer preparatory for making arrangements for providing refreshments for sale. This invitation is extended to all ladies without regard to organizations or denominations.

The F. I. L. I. Gun Fund.

The Treasurer reports the following additional subscriptions as having been received to the F. I. L. I. Gun Fund:

Hon. J. C. MacRae	$10.00
G. B. Huske	10.00
Col. A. H. Worth	1.00
Hon. W. J. Green	5.00
Samuel Carmon	5.00
T. J. Whitted	2.00
J. J. Whaley	2.00
A. D. McGill	5.00

St. John's Chapter No. 593 of the Brotherhood of St. Andrews, will have a special service at St. John's Church, at 8 o'clock Friday evening, April 6th. Mr. Jno. W. Wood, of New York, the General Secretary, and Mr. Silas McBee, Sewanee, Tenn., the 2nd Vice President, will address the congregation on the subject of the Brotherhood. All persons, especially men, are invited to attend.

The Wilmington Star has the following pleasant notice of our townsman, Mr. H. I. McDuffie:

Mr. H. I. McDuffie, Special Agent for the New York Life Insurance Company, and correspondent for this paper, has been in this city for several days in the interest of his popular company. Mr. McDuffie himself is also very popular among our people, especially among Knights of Pythias and Odd Fellows, of which orders he is a prominent member.

We acknowledge with thanks an invitation to attend the Commencement Exercises of the University College of Medicine of Richmond, Va., to be held in the Richmond Theatre this evening.

County Commissioner's Meeting.

The Commissioners of Cumberland County met in regular monthly session Monday with J. M. Lamb in the chair. The following commissioners were present: G. W. Graham, G. A. McDonald, M. Hall and W. D. Smith.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

On motion, it was ordered that the bill of J. M. Martin for $192 for board for the jury in the Fuller case be paid.

Ordered, that the Chairman be instructed to continue the guard at the Court House until further orders.

G. H. Ingram was granted license to retail malt liquors exclusively, at his place of business on Person street.

The petition of citizens of Flea Hill Township was laid over until next meeting.

The Sheriff and Treasurer tendered their monthly reports which were read and ordered filed.

H. L. Hall, Register of Deeds reported having issued 24 marriage licenses during the month of March.

The following was offered and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, under the direction of the Magistrates and Commissioners, a lot of land on the Northwest corner of Gillespie and Mumford streets, in Fayetteville, fronting about 125 feet on Gillespie street and running back westwardly with Mumford street about 175 feet, has been selected, purchased and deeded to the Board of Commissioners as a sight for the Court House, as of record appears, and whereas, the new Court House being built on said site, is now nearing completion, it is now unanimously resolved, that as soon as practicable after the said new Court House is ready for occupancy, it shall be held and considered as the court house of Cumberland County, N. C., and the several courts shall be held in it as prescribed by law, and the Clerk, Register of Deeds, Sheriff and Treasurer, and other County officers, are authorized and directed, upon the completion of said Court House, to move their offices and all books, records and papers pertaining to their said offices, into the offices prepared for them in the new Court House, and henceforth to keep their offices and transact County business as pertaining to their respective offices in said new Court House on the site located and adopted.

The following were appointed to take tax-lists in their respective townships for 1894:

Cross Creek—W. D. Gaster.
Black River—Isaac Strickland.
Flea Hill—W. J. Sessoms.
Cedar Creek—L. B. Evans.
Beaver Dam—J. J. Bullard.
Gray's Creek—J. P. Thames.
Rockfish—John Smith.
Seventy-first—D. B. Gillis.
Quewhiffle—J. A. Gillis.
Little River—J. H. Smith.
Carver's Creek—W. D. Adams.

People and their Movements.

Mr. Thos. L. Goff, of Richmond, spent Sunday in the city.

Mr. J. W. White, of Roseboro, was in the city last week.

Mr. W. H. Pearson, of Morganton, spent several days in the city this week.

Miss Emma E. Henderson, of Newbern, N. C., is in the city visiting Miss Fannie Willis.

Miss Lizzie Peck, of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Rebecca Haigh, on Haymount.

Mr. Wm. Dick, of Wilmington, one of Fayetteville's most popular visitors is in the city.

Mr. J. A. McKay, a prominent merchant of Red Springs, was in the city on business last week.

Mr. W. T. Sessoms of Stedman is in the city representing the Stewart Co-operative Manufacturing Company.

Miss Margaret Bryan, of Newbern, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs Jno. B. Broadfoot, on Haymount, has returned home.

Mrs. Cochran, and her two sons, Willie and Gifford, and Miss Maston, of New York, are visiting Myrtle Hill, Mrs. Cochran's Country home.

Confederate Veteran Reunion.

The following letter has been received urging the formation of a Confederate Veterans' Camp in this county:

HEADQUARTERS UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
NEW ORLEANS, LA., March 26, '94.

To Pres't E. J. Hale, Fayetteville, N. C.

MY DEAR COMRADE:—Sometime since these Headquarters received a letter from you about the formation of a Camp and sent you all necessary papers, since which I have not heard from you.

Now as the Great Reunion will take place at Birmingham, Ala., on the 25th and 26th of April next, please without delay have the enclosed papers filled out and send them in to swell our number, and help our benevolent and philanthropic organization.

We now have 476 Camps registered, and applications in for over 100 more. *Please organize at once and be represented at Birmingham and assist in helping your old comrades.*

Yours very truly and fraternally,
GEO. MOORMAN,
Adj't Gen'l & Chief of Staff.

In accordance with the above urgent suggestion, a meeting of the Confederate Veterans of Cumberland is called to meet in this city on Saturday, April 14th. for the purpose indicated, and also to take the necessary steps for the observance of Memorial day.

List of Jurors.

The following is a list of jurors for the special term of Cumberland Superior Court which convenes in this city on the 16th instant:

FIRST WEEK.

K. R. Rainor, Amos McDonald, Neill McNair, W. J. Pope, P. P. Barge, W. H. H. Culbreth, Leonard Bryant, Lewis Gill, John Elliott, Henry Munroe, R. A. Patterson, T. P. Blake, D. C. Downing, N. B. Norris, Green S. Gibson, S. G. Rollins, Geo. G. Davis, W. J. Smith, Isaac Strickland, L. J. Tart, H. M. Howard, T. J. Council, J. L. Bullard, Kenan Gregory, Frank Glover, D. J. Smith, Angus Gilchrist, Haywood H. Hall, A. S. Huske, E. A. Horne, M. D. Bethune, G. F. Bullard, W. J. Johnson, W. B. Warren, E. B. Blake, W. G. Holmes.

SECOND WEEK.

R. L. Holland, Alex. McDougald, W. S. Bramble, J. M. McMillan, John. S. Horne, H. D. Mintz, John B. Williams, James A. McNeill, M. J. Jones, Sam. Turner, G. H. Henderson, A. L. McLean, Mike Powers, A. R. Mason, W. L. Williams, John E. Elliott, Solomon Culbreth, A. L. Gilliland.

Report of the Graded School.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN:—Following is the 7th monthly report of the Fayettevile Graded School:

Pupils enrolled	213
Boys "	117
Girls "	96
Pupils withdrawn,	21
Pupils entered,	4
Per cent. of attendance,	.85

Following is the ROLL OF HONOR.

Girls.—Misses Lula Vann, Zula Rankin, Nellie Atkinson, Maggie Carson, Francis Broadfoot, Hattie L. Atkinson, Helen Skinner, Mary W. Huske, Mattie Atkinson, Georgia Barden, Nellie Bramble, Lula Buckingham, Lillie Davis, Maggie Hunt, Harriet Humphreys, Sadie Jessup, Pauline Cole, Luola Moore, Alice Jessup, Marion McLean, Vara Barden, Caroline Bramble, Annie Sedberry, Alice New, Addie Barden, Maud Brower, Alice Haigh, Katie Holland, Nan McNeill, Marian McRae, Josie Thomas, Lula Fitzell.—32.

Boys.—Leon Goddard, Herman Atkinson, Walter Hall, John Humphrey, Albert Humphrey, Mack Davis, Roy Depo, Edwin Anders, Albert Creal, Neill McArtan, George Judge, Claude Rankin, William Owen, Pemberton McNeill, Robert Lamb, Claude Branch, George Davis, Richard Fitzell, John Hunt, Hardy Hedgepeth, Clifton Rankin, George Thornton, John Sikes, Winfield Worth, Henry Sedberry, Jarvis Melvin, Charlie Frye, Arthur Hunt, Richard Jones, Willie Vann, Houston Hiatt, Jasper Whittington, Furman Whittington, Garrie Williams—34.

On the 18th of the present month the money available for the conduct of the Graded School, as at present constituted, will have been expended; and, unless some effort be made, the exercises of the school must close. The Superintendent desires here to make an appeal in behalf of both the teachers and the pupils; and, as he has no selfish or pecuniary interest in the matter, he feels assured that at least no cloud will rest on the motive of his appeal.

During the current scholastic year he has endeavored to exercise as close and faithful a supervision of the different grades of the school as his feeble health and frequently crippled condition would permit; and he can bear strong testimony to the capacity and fidelity of the teachers of all the grades and the thorough performance of their duty. In his position he could not afford to make the statement if it were not warranted by the facts. Is it just, then, that they be deprived of employment five months of the twelve—especially when the limited appropriations and the hard times have made their salaries very small?

But, above and beyond this, is it not manifestly most unfortunate that the pupils should be deprived of school training for nearly 50 per cent. of the year. The colored school, it is understood, will continued its session until June—shall the inferior portion of the community manifest the superior appreciation of educational advantages? A small weekly subscription from each parent or guardian will enable the teachers to continue the six grades, as private schools, for a month and a half longer, and it is certainly very desirable that this arrangement be effected. Fayetteville cannot afford to allow this large public school to lapse so early in the season.

Respectfully submitted,
April 4, '94. J. H. MYROVER, Supt.

Lumber Bridge News.

Rev. J. D. Bundy has arranged to preach here the fourth Sunday night in each month.

Our people were delighted with Rev. and Mrs. S. M. Rankin of Red Springs.

Much to the delight of her many friends, Miss Louine Huske is at home again, after a month spent with the family of her brother, Mr. C. W. Huske, in Waycross, Ga.

The meeting of the State Y. M. C. A. convention will be held April 5th to 8th inclusive, in Wilmington. Rev. P. L. Shaw, J. L. Shaw and Preston Ausley expect to attend.

Mrs. Neill Shaw, Miss Florence Little and Nelia Shaw spent a pleasant day Monday in your city.

Miss Jennie McArthur and Master Nathaniel McArthur, both of whom were pupils here last year, spent Sunday (25th) with relatives here.

Mrs. E. M. Davis and Miss Eliza McDiarmid spent Sunday last in Red Springs.

Messrs. Marshall and Eugene Hursey, of Raeford, Cumberland county, have entered the Lumber Bridge High School.

Miss Sudie H. Gay, who has gained quite a reputation as a music teacher, gave a pleasant entertainment Friday night. Following is the programme:

"Come Home Father."—Miss Mary D. Law.
"Waves of the Ocean."—Miss Sadie Huske.
Fisher's Hornpipe.—Misses Lida Law, Annie Black, Daisy Black.
Danube Waltz.—Miss Marion McArthur.
Vienna March.—Misses Normie and Annie Black.
Old Oaken Bucket.—Miss Florence Little.
Twilight Echoes.—Miss Nelia Shaw.
The Companions.—Miss Lida Law.
Fancy Dance.—Misses Daisy and Annie Black.
On the Race Course.—Misses Mary Law and Sadie Huske.
Constellation.—Miss Mary S. McDonald.
Josie Waltz.—Miss Normie Black.
Bring Me Sweet Blossoms.—Miss Maggie Malloy.
Moonlight on the Hudson.—Miss Mary D. Law.
Schottish Militaire.—Miss Florence Little, Miss Nelia Shaw.
"Old Black Joe," and "Home, Sweet Home."—Miss Sudie H. Gay.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive you have a Bilious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look, and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store, 50c. per bottle.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drugstore.

Rev. O. S. Stringfield of Wakefield, N. C., says: "Five boxes of Japanese Pile Cure cured me after 12 years' suffering." Sold by King Bros.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Queen of Fashion:

Best Ladies' Fashion Journal published for the money. None better at any price. Only 50 cts. a year, post-paid. Send three 2c. stamps by mail for a sample copy. Besides giving general fashion and other news, it contains illustrations of The McCall Co.'s latest Paris, London and New York fashions and patterns. Address THE QUEEN OF FASHION, Union Square, N. Y.

METROPOLITAN RACKET STORE CO.

Spring Offerings.

NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

We are now receiving a complete assortment of new and select styles in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Stationery, Linens and White Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Hats, Parasols, Umbrellas, Straw Matting, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, and Tin and Hardware.

Better Goods were never offered—nicer styles were never shown, which we will sell at prices that makes them all irresistible *Bargains.*

Dollars may indeed be scarcer with our patrons than on previous and more prosperous years, but by means of our exceedingly low prices we have certainly greatly increased the purchasing capacity of the dollars you have. A half hour spent in looking over our assortment of goods will thoroughly convince you of that fact, and we can only hope that it will be as much pleasure for you to see as for us to show our goods.

Just received 4,000 yards of Straw Matting—have it in all grades. We have special facilities for getting these goods and are going to sell them by the power of *irresistible prices.* If you need a roll of matting now is the time and the Racket Store is the place to get it. Prices range as follows: 10, 15, 20, 22, 45, 50 and 55 per yard. By the roll, of 40 yards, it comes a little cheaper. By the virtue in values, by the power in prices, we expect your Spring and Summer trade.

The Metropolitan One Price Racket Store,
93 HAY STREET.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Millinery Opening!

APRIL 4th, 5th and 6th—WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY.

Having made my semi-annual visit to Baltimore and New York, I have now on hand a large stock of HATS, BONNETS and all MILLINERY GOODS, which the ladies and public generally are invited to call and inspect. Respectfully,
MRS. L. R. DYE.

Sterling Silver Ware.

We now offer at prices never before quoted, and have just received large additions

TO OUR STOCK.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.

TIME KEEPERS

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Waltham, Elgin, Columbus, N. Y. Standard Co.'s

in Gold, Gold filled, Silver and Silverine Cases. Each case has stamped on the inside the name of the manufacturer, and of what metal it is made. We have just received a large line of

THESE GOODS,

—and ask your attention to the—

Great Reduction in Prices.

The reductions in prices have recently been made by the manufacturers.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.

EYE SPECIALIST

for the correction of Errors of Refraction and Ocular Muscular Weakness.

No charge for Testing the Eyes or Ophthalmoscopic examination.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.

FOR RENT.

Dwelling House on Thornton Avenue, No. 4. House fronts on street running out to Hay street.

Also House on the corner of St. John's Square, at present occupied by Mr. Robert Strange.

Both Houses are very desirable, and possession of the first can be had May 1st, and the second immediately.

April 5, 1894—1t F. W. THORNTON.

WANTED.

50,000 Juniper Shingles, 4x18 INCHES.

Quote lowest prices F. O. B.
HOPE MILLS M'F'G CO.,
Hope Mills, N. C.

2,000 Spindle Cotton Mill FOR SALE!

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by J. F. Moore and W. A. Moore to the Bank of Fayetteville, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Surry County, N. C., we will sell on the premises at 12 o'clock M., on THE 1st DAY OF MAY, 1894, this valuable property, situated on Lovell's Creek, near Mt. Airy, N. C., and containing the following:

2,000 Spindles, 30 Looms, Drawing Frames, Feeders, Cards, etc., etc.

Said Mill is well equipped and in good running order, all the machinery comparatively new, and propelled by water power. Also

ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE ACRES OF LAND

on which said Mills are located, together with a good Flour and Corn Mill Nine Tenement Houses, Store House, and other buildings.

This is the most desirable property that has ever been offered for sale in this section of the State. The products of the Mill have always found ready sale to home purchasers.

Terms of sale: One-quarter cash, balance in 6, 12 and 18 months. Interest at 8 per cent. per annum from sale on deferred payments. Title reserved until entire purchase money is paid.

For further particulars address W. A. MOORE, Mt. Airy, N. C.

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,
Mortgagee, Fayetteville, N. C.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Attorney, Fayetteville, N. C.
W. P. CARTER, Attorney, Mt Airy, N. C.

N. B.—Also, at the same time and place, one of the best equipped Woolen Mills in the State, and several valuable Town Lots, will be offered for sale.
W. P. CARTER, Trustee.

March 29, 1894—4t

Lovely Faces, Pearly White Teeth, White Hands & Arms,

PERFECT HEALTH,

Freedom from Headache, Neuralgia and Female Weakness, that Bane of American Women.

By the use of the Celebrated Medicinal and Toilet Preparations

Manufactured by
THE STEWART CO-OPERATIVE MFG. CO.,
KALAMAZOO, MICH., AND SOUTH BEND, IND., U. S. A.

La France Rose Dew, for beautifying and preserving the complexion.
La France Rose Massage Cream, for removing and preventing wrinkles, rounding out angles of the face and developing facial Beauty.
La France Rose Tooth Powder, Pearly Teeth, Rosy Gums and a Sweet Breath, are the Results of a Free Use of this Preparation.
Acme, the celebrated Headache and Neuralgia Specific.
Laurel Balm, the marvel of the world. A Safe and sure Cure for All forms of Female Diseases.
Dr. Howard's Famous Pile Remedy, An infallible Cure for Hemorrhoids, Bleeding or Itching Piles, and all Rectal Diseases.

These preparations can be obtained from our Branch Office Manager,

SESSOMS & ANDERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Agents Wanted. Good Terms. Ladies or Gentlemen.

Administration Notice.

The undersigned having taken out letters of administration upon the estate of her late husband, William R. Webb, notifies all persons having claims against the Estate to present them to her duly verified on or before the 29th of March, 1895, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to the Estate will please make immediate payment. MRS CAROLINE M WEBB,
Ad. of William R. Webb.

Fayetteville, N. C., 29 h March, 1894—6w

NOTICE.

Ladies' and Children's DRESSES, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, &c., dyed any color desired at reasonable prices. All work guaranteed. Will call on all ladies wishing work done upon notice.

MRS. M. JUDGE, Kennedy St., between Person and Russell Sts

Land Sale for Taxes.

On Tuesday 8th May, 1894, I will sell at the Market House, in Fayetteville, N. C., at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following property to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy taxes due the town of Fayetteville, for the year 1892.

S. W. TILLINGHAST,
Tax Collector.

Adkins, Sarah res Person street,	$ 4 77
Allen, Jno L res Russell st	15 50
Arnett, Caroline res Water st	1 50
Atkinson, Wm H res Bee st	13 25
Austin, Dallas res Moore st, bal	1 60
Bain, Isaac res Moore st, bal	1 75
Bain, Richard res North st	3 68
Bass, James res Race path	2 51
Baker, Louis Miss stable lot, improved foundry, vac Hay st, vac Mumford st, res Robinson st, vac Bass st, two vac on Robinson st,	42 50
Beebe, Edward res Orange st	2 50
Brown, Elizabeth, res Gillespie st	3 00
Burnett, Delphia res Wilmington road	1 25
Bushee, Consider res Campbelltown, vac Council Hall,	3 15
Beebe, Warren res North st	2 75
Calais, Chas res Moore st	8 16
Campbell, Chas L res Rowan street, bal	12 00
Carver, Adam res Grove st	2 00
Chestnut, Dallas res Mechanic st	2 50
Culbreth, Hugh res Franklin st, bal	1 00
Cole, Mary res Chestnut st	1 00
Daniel, Silas Wilmington road	3 25
Dunn, Nathan res Winslow st	2 50
Douglass, Jim res Blount st	1 50
Evans, Edward res Grove st, improved Blount st, imp'd Ramsey st, bal	3 13
Evans, Geo H 1-2 Wilmington road	1 75
Evans, Susan res Hillsboro st, bal	1 00
Fairley, Frank res Mechanic st	2 50
Faulk, M 2 lots on Moore st, store on Hay st, store on Greene st, imp'd Bow st, office Bow st, 2 imp'd Person st, imp'd Franklin st, imp'd Mumford st, imp'd Campbelltown, imp'd Gillespie	80 75
Freeman, Esther res Blount st	1 25
Fuller, Maria, res Person st,	2 50
Gee, Henry res Frink alley	1 75
Gill, John H res Mumford st	1 50
Gorham, B C two imp'd Ramsey st, one vac Ramsey st, bal due	8 75
Graham, Francis res Cool spring st	5 25
Hatwood, Betsey res King st,	2 25
Hawley, Luther res Grove st	2 76
Henderson, A J res Ramsey st	13 20
Hogans, Dennis, Jr res Ramsey st	5 65
Holmes, Henry res Franklin st	1 00
Holland, W C res Russell st	10 75
Holland, R L res Dick st	4 00
House, P B res Mechanic st	50
House, Jerry res Blount st	3 25
Hunt, Oliver res Grove st, bal	2 00
Hodges, Mary A res Bass st, imp'd Hay	2 00
Holliday, Willoughby Ann imp'd Holmes	1 50
Hathcock, Alice imp'd Russell st	2 50
Jeffreys, David res Broad st	2 00
Jones, W D res Campbelltown	4 50
Jenkins, Polly res Lamon st, imp'd Lamon st	3 00
Kelly, Chess Rev res Mumford st	3 50
Lambeth, J A Mrs res Mumford st, two stable on Mumford st	10 02
Leary, Jno S Leary res Ramsey, imp'd North st	16 60
Levy, Louis M two imp'd Blount st	4 00
Martin, Margaret res Russell st	1 85
Mitchell, Henry res Mechanic st	3 50
Monroe, W C imp'd Orange st	2 00
Moore, Jerry res Chatham st	2 62
Murphy, Dan'l S res Redbone	4 00
McAlister, Nathan Wilmington road,	4 12
McAlister, J H Wilmington road,	
McDuffie, H I res Cool spring st	17 60
McKay, Maria res Blount st, bal	60
McLean, Sophie Miss store Green st	10 00
McLaurin, Mrs E H store on Hay st	35 00
MacRae, Annie Miss res St John's Sq'r, imp'd Greene st	9 00
MacRae, Jas C for Lewis D Henry vac on Ramsey st	1 00
Neal, Dora Mrs res Broad st	3 00
Overby, Wm est. store Person st, res Hillsboro st, imp'd Frink alley, vac Chaney st and Hillsboro st	22 00
Owen, Nat res Moore st	6 25
Oehlrtee, res Wilmington road	3 00
Pettiford, Anna res Wilmington road	2 50
Perry, Dallas res Ramsey st, bal	4 25
Pearce, Lucy res Frink alley	3 00
Pickett, C M res Robeson st	50
Plummer, Bernard res Grove st	1 52
Robinson, Nathan res Welsh alley	3 50
Robinson, A A res Moore st	2 30
Roberts, Zack res King st	3 25
Rencher, Ann res Gillespie st	2 50
Rush, Mrs M A store Hay st, imp'd Burgess st	6 50
Robeson, Maggie res Worth st	2 50
Simmons, H L res Russell st	2 50
Smith, J M Mrs res Rowan st	8 50
Smith, Lovely J res Chatham st	2 25
Smith, A B res Adam st	1 50
Scurlock, Geo res Chatham st, two imp'd German st, vac Chatham st	15 40
Straughn, L C Mrs res Broad st	3 85
Steel, Jno res Hay st, imp'd Mumford st	9 70
Taylor, Thos res Hillsboro st	4 50
Tomlinson, J W 4 lots on North st	4 75
Tucker, Jim res North st, vac Chatham st	6 50
Thornton, A G res Salmon st,	17 50
Vaughn, S G imp'd Mumford st	1 50
Waddel, Lucy res Moore st	2 75
Watkins, David lot Broad st	1 00
Webb, J J res Cool spring st, improved Cool spring st	5 60
Williams, Hannah res Chaucy st	2 50
Williams, Jas res Chancy st	3 50
Williams, Jordan E res Grove st, imp'd Grove st and vac Grove st	3 31
Williams, Thos W res Cool spring, imp'd Person, imp'd King, vac Person st	7 27
Williams, E P shop Person st	1 00
Yates, S S Mrs Ex'trix, res Hillsboro vac Hillsboro st	4 50
Williams, Joseph res Chaney st,	2 00
Underwood, Jno imp'd Hillsboro st, imp'd Robeson st	8 50
McLean, D N for McCall, imp'd North st	1 50
McLean, D N McLean for Frank Peterson, res Old st	9 00
McAllister, Jacob lot on Cumberland st	1 00
Cotton, W J imp'd Blount st	1 00
Robeson, Adeline res New st, bal	1 00

FURNITURE! FUNITURE!

BEAUTIFUL and ELEGANT!

AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

Call and get prices and examine my goods before buying.

Suits with Cheval and Plain Dressers,
Beds, Bureaus,
Washstands, Springs.
Mattresses, Tables,
Safes, Lounges,
Rockers and Strait Chairs,
Hall Racks, &c. &c.

CALL OR WRITE FOR PRICES.

Respectfully,

JNO. H. ROBINSON, JR.

A LEADER

SINCE ITS FIRST INTRODUCTION,
Growing More Popular with Increasing Use, are sure evidences of the superiority of

"PERFECTION,"

over the ordinary brands of Patent Flour.

"THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST."

What More Do You Want?

A FULL STOCK OF

Heavy and Staple Groceries,

Farming Utensils, Wagons, Harness, &c.,

ALWAYS ON HAND AT LOWEST PRICES,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

NIMOCKS BROS.

Raleigh! Raleigh!! Raleigh!!!

"G" Light Roadster. Weight 28 to 32 lbs.

RIDERS OF RALEIGH BICYCLES
WON DURING 1893, 3,600 PRIZES.

WHEELS THAT "RUN EASY" ON THE TRACK "RUN EASY" ON THE ROAD.

WE CHALLENGE ANY ONE TO DISPROV

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
SPECIALISTS
(Regular Graduates)

Are the leading and most successful specialists and will give you help.

Younger and more successful. Remarkable results have follow their treatment. Many years of varied and successful experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for all disorders of men who have weak, undeveloped or diseased organs, or who are suffering from errors of youth and excess or who are nervous and impotent, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of their friends and companions, leads us to guarantee to all patients, if they can possibly be restored, our own exclusive treatment will afford a cure.

WOMEN! Don't you want to get cured of that weakness with a treatment that you can use at home without instruments? Our wonderful treatment has cured others. Why not you? Try it.

CATARRH, and Diseases of the Skin, Blood, Heart, Liver and Kidneys.

SYPHILIS—The most rapid, safe and effective remedy. A complete Cure Guaranteed.

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds cured where many others have failed.

UNNATURAL DISCHARGES promptly cured in a few days. Quick, sure and safe. This includes Gleet and Gonorrhœa.

TRUTH AND FACTS.

We have cured cases of Chronic Diseases that have failed to get cured at the hands of other special ists and medical institutes.

REMEMBER that there is hope for You. Consult no other, as you may waste valuable time. Obtain our treatment at once.

Beware of free and cheap treatments. We give the best and most scientific treatment at moderate prices—as low as can be done for safe and skillful treatment. **FREE** consultation at the office or by mail. Thorough examination and careful diagnosis. A home treatment can be given in a majority of cases. Send for Symptom Blank No. 1 for Men; No. 2 for Women; No. 3 for Skin Diseases. All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation. Refer to our patients, banks and business men.

Address or call on

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.

22½ South Broad Street, ATLANTA, GA.

NEW YORK LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

JANUARY 1, 1894.

Assets,	$148,700,781.21
Liabilities, including the Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent. Standard),	131,675,151.03
Total Undivided Surplus,	$17,025,630.18
Income,	$33,863,646.95
New Insurance* written in 1893,	223,848,991.00
Outstanding Insurance,	779,156,678.0

*Not including revived policies paid-ups, or reversionary additions.

The NEW YORK LIFE'S Accumulation Policy contains no restrictions whatever, and only one condition, namely, the payment of premiums. It is incontestable from any cause after one year, allows a month's grace in payment of premiums, a re instatement within six months if the insured is in good health, and its non-forfeiture provisions are self-acting in case no action is taken by the insured. After the Policy has been in force five full years, loans will be made thereon by the Company at 5 per cent. interest.

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

One form of Policy issued by The NEW YORK LIFE *guarantees* a Mortuary Dividend of 100 per cent in addition to policy annually for 20 years. Read the following testimonials.

Mr. Ed. C. Smith, book-keeper in the hardware house of Mr Walter Watson, says: "I carry $5,000 insurance in New York Life, and after paying the fourth annual premium on the same I receive the following statement from Mr. John A. McCall, President of the Company.

Face amount of your policy,	$5,000.00
Amount already added as premium return,	458.00
Additional amount to be added if premium for the year beginning April, 1893, is paid,	114.50
Total Insurance for above year,	$5,572.50

Mr. C. D. Sedberry, says: "I carry $3,000 insurance in the New York Life Insurance Company, and just before making my fourth annual payment, I received the following statement from the President of the Company:

Face amount of your Policy,	$3,000.00
Amount already added as premium return,	189.90
Additional amount to be added if the premium for the year beginning November, 1893, is paid,	63.30
Total Insurance for above year,	$3,253.20

For rates and further particulars apply to

H. I. McDUFFIE, Ag't.

L. M. A.

"It does improve a boy wonderfully to go to the L. M. A."

The expression quoted above may be heard every day from parents who have sons attending the

LaFayette Military Academy,

and we would advise all who have boys to educate to familiarize themselves with the merits of this school before deciding which one to patronize.

If you wish your boy to acquire a good English education—such an education as every one needs, send him to the L. M. A.; if you desire to give him apractical and comprehensive business education, you can find no better Commercial School in the country; and if you contemplate giving him a regular University course, our Preparatory Department will thoroughly qualify him for entrance into any of the highest institutions of learning.

The Spring Term commences on the eighteenth day of Januaray, but students may enter at any time, and several have intimated their intention of coming on the first of the month.

For "Annual Announcement" and School Journal, containing full particulars respecting the School,

Address

Maj. J. W. YEREX, Supt.,

12—21—93 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

WEAKNESS, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY,

and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO.

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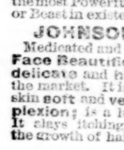

JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL!

Instant Killer of Pain.

Internal and External.

Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diptheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for Stock, Double Strength, the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large $1 size 75c., 50c. size 40c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP.

Medicated and Toilet. The Great **Skin Cure** and **Face Beautifier**. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost **complexion**; is a luxury for the Bath for **Infants**. It stays itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

KING BROS.,

Fayetteville, N. C.

The Way to Victory.

Mecklenburg Times.

The coming campaign is a topic of absorbing interest even at this early day. Every indication now points to one of the hardest fought contests in the history of our State. The all important question for the people of North Carolina to decide is the question of home rule. Shall we elect Radical judges, send Radical representatives to the legislature to elect a Radical Senator, and to appoint Radical magistrates to distort justice, and are you willing to have Radical commissioners, to handle the county's money? We are not, and we don't believe you are either. We are confident the good farmers of Mecklenburg county will not knowingly consent to Radical rule. And so we say by all means let us have a North Carolina campaign.

But can we do it? Will the enemy let us have what we want? Can the intense interest in national affairs be sidetracked to allow state affairs the main line? There's the rub.

We are sure Republicans and Populists will drag national affairs into every stump speech on every hillside in North Carolina, and while it will be right and proper for the Democrats to lay special stress on home rule, yet the arguments of these speakers must be met. They must be vanquished and put to flight. They must be routed in every conflict, both on state and national issues. It can be done. It must de done. It can be done in one way only. It must be done in that way. Make this a purely Democratic campaign. Make our state and national platform the battle cry.

In this we can conquer. These platforms are the embodiment of pure Democracy. Let us hold them up as the law of the party.

To win on these platforms we must hew to the line. It will necessitate the unpleasant task of cutting of a few political heads, but the life of the party is of more importance than any one man's political existence.

We endorse Democracy in North Carolina because it has given the State the best government, most economically administered, because it is administered in the interest of all the people. That is why we can afford to conduct a North Carolina campaign. But we would not stop here. We would fight for the same good government in national affairs we now enjoy in home affairs. We would like to see the national affairs as well regulated as our State affairs.

The Democrats will win in North Carolina this year by smashing false gods, adopting the same State and national platforms, endorsing no man who has not stood squarely on them, and nominating no man who has not the manhood to state unequivocally where he stands and the courage to stand there.

The Same Game in Alabama as in North Carolina.

Says a Selma dispatch in the Atlanta Constitution.

There are Alabamians, and thousands of them, who feel proud of the superlative ability of Senator Morgan, who stands today the Democratic leader in the Senate. They recollect that, when the other democrats voted for the repeal of the Sherman act under the impression that it would be followed by effective silver legislation, Morgan was not one of the men led astray by this false hope. He knew then, as has since been developed, that President Cleveland had no idea of recommending silver legislation, and that the point then given up would be surrendered forever. With the presence of the true statesman, he made the fight for the people against the majority of which Senator Sherman was the principal light, and went down finally with the colors of Democracy flying aloft.

THE PLAN OF THE "MACHINE."

The different counties of the state act upon the election of delegates to the state convention on the 12th of May. The "machine," which seeks to commit Alabama to goldbuggery, seeks first to lull the Morgan men to rest by the impression that their chief is in no danger. Secondly, they are resorting to every means to drive men out of the party lines, so that they may be the better able to control the state convention. Every man who does not bow low at the mention of Cleveland's name is referred to as "a populite," which is regarded as sufficient to freeze him to death.

After the elections of 1892 were over the status of these democrats who voted for Kolb in August and for Cleveland in November was the subject of consideration. The state democratic committee, of which Hon. A. G. Smith, of Birmingham, is chairman, decided that all such men, conditioned upon their future adhesion to democracy, should have the right to vote in democratic primaries. The work of the administration men just now is to question the sincerity of every such voter, unless he is known to lean to them. They are asked for extra pledges as to the future and put under such moral espionage that many of them hesitate about being thus doubted and disturbed. If they stay out until after the counties shall have acted that will be just what they were wanted to do.

The War of Giants.

Blackwood's Magazine.

This war of giants will have Russia and France on the one side, Germany, Austria and Italy on the other.

To make this evident, we have only to look at the actual position of the troops during peace in each of these coutries.

As an indication of where the danger lies, and the direction which the contest will ultimately take, the disposition of the Russian army is by far the most important factor.

Russia, owing to the immense extent of her empire and the comparatively small number of her railways in proportion to those of any other European state, is quite unable to concentrate powerful armies for offensive purposes on any point of her dominions with any approach to the rapidity with which this can be done in France, Germany, Italy, or even Austria. She is consequently obliged to mass upon her frontier during peace those forces which she intends at once to throw into action during war. The sure sign, therefore, of where she intends to strike her blow when the inevitable contest ensues is to be looked for in the present actual distribution of her army.

This is by no means to the same extent the case with the other great powers. France and Germany, especially, have a perfect system of railways laid out with a distinct strategic purpose. Every preparation for a speedy concentration of their whole forces by these means on any point of their frontiers ever likely to be threatened, either for offensive or defensive reasons has been so thoroughly made that their troops can be left during peace in a far more dispersed state, and much further back, than is possible with Russia.

The Wisdom of the Past.

"—'Twas said by ancient sages
That love of life increased with years
So much, that in our latter stages,
When pains grow sharp and sickness rages,
The greatest love of life appears."

But to retain the vigor of youth, the enjoyment of life, the blessings of a healthy appetite, and a good digestion, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and live to a hale and hearty old age. For dyspepsia, indigestion, "liver complaint" and kindred ailments it's guaranteed to cure or money paid for it will be refunded.

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed.

For primary, secondary and tertiary syphilis, for blood poisoning, mercurial poison, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, erysipelas, eczema—we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to menstrual irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 14th, 1893.—I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was affected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 35 years, was treated by the very best physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, tried every known remedy without finding relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of the above diseases.

MRS. M. M. YEARY, Springfield, Green County, Mo.

Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P.P.P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 21, 1891.
MESSRS LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief: it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

LIPPMAN BROS.

PROPRIETORS,

Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga

HAVE YOUR

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

PUT IN FIRST CLASS ORDER BY

M. A. TILLER,

PRACTICAL

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business,

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,

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Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

H. W. LILLY, President,
R. P. BUXTON, Vice Prest.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.

Fayetteville, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having duly qualified as Administrator on the estate of Wright Huske, dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to him within twelve months from this date; and also gives notice to all persons who are indebted to the said estate to call and settle at once.

S. H. MacRAE, Adm'r.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 15, 1894.

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor upon the estate of Geo. Rosenthal, deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said deceased, to present them to me on or before March 22nd, 1895.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Executor of Geo. Rosenthal.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 22, 1894—6w

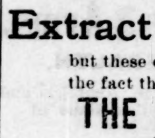
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

You often hear of other extracts which claim to be 'just as good" as

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef,

but these claims only call attention to the fact that the Company's Extract is

THE STANDARD

for quality.

3-22-94 4t

What is Life Assurance?

An easy means of securing your wife and family against want in the event of your death.

A creditable means of securing a better financial standing in the business world.

The most safe and profitable means of investing your savings for use in after years.

All Life Insurance is good. The

Equitable Life

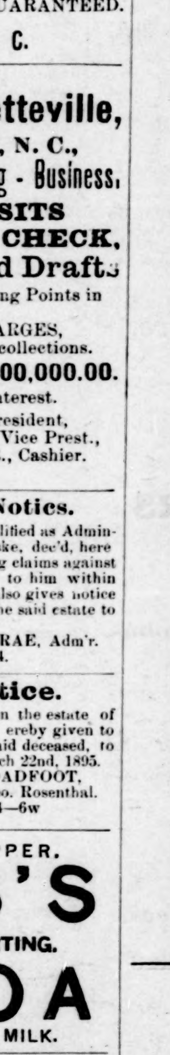
is the best.

For full particulars, address

W. J. RODDEY, Manager,
FOR THE CAROLINAS, **Rock Hill, S. C.**

Watson's Patent Puller.

To be used handle side to the tree.



These Tools Last for Years. Try one and you will never use any other.

To be used handle side to the tree.

Four complete Tools in one—a saving of 50 per cent. to the users of these Tools.

This new style of tools have been thoroughly tested the past season and proved to be perfect in every particular.

The blades are bolted on the handles and can never get loose. They cut without springing and will cut through any thickness of bark, leaving a shade over the fresh cut from two to three inches deep.

Handled ready for use.

WALTER WATSON,

Manufacturer of TURPENTINE TOOLS.

Fayetteville, N. C.

SHEPPARD'S EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES

MADE FROM PURE PIG IRON

Not one pound of Scrap Iron is ever used in these goods.

DURABLE, CONVENIENT and ECONOMICAL

All Modern Improvements to **Lighten Housekeeping Cares.**

Twenty different sizes and kinds.

Every Stove Warranted Against Defects.

Prices not much higher at this time than on commoner kinds of Stoves.

Call on or address

McMILLAN BROS., Fayetteville, N. C.

Jackson Office Furniture COMPANY,

JACKSON, TENN.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

SCHOOL, CHURCH

—AND—

OFFICE FURNITURE.

Schools and Churches Seated in the best manner.

OFFICES FURNISHED.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

11—23—93 6m

Chas. Glover,

AUCTIONEER,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer Murchison,

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.

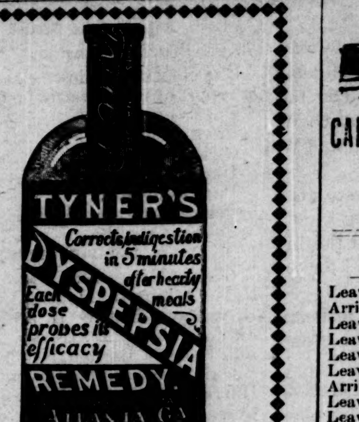
☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommotions.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other information, apply to

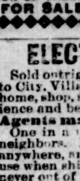
W. S. COOK,
Manager.



PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

BOOK OF VALUABLE INFORMATION FREE.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.



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Agents make from $5 to $50 per day

One in a residence means a sale to all the neighbors. Fine instruments, no toys, work anywhere, any distance. Complete, ready for use when shipped. Can be put up by any one, never out of order, no repairing, lasts a life time. Warranted. A money maker. Write W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk 10, Columbus O

POE & CO.,

BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

For Sale Cheap.

A Seventy-Five Dollar KIMBALL ORGAN, perfectly new. Can be bought cheap at a sacrifice for terms and particulars apply at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

HOME and COUNTRY MAGAZINE.

The best illustrated 25-cent Monthly in America,

ALMOST FREE.

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2 of them, numbered alike and 15 cents, entitle any one sending same to our office to receive

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Or Magazine, Patterns and OBSERVER, to our subscribers, new or old, without coupons one year $3 00.

Address OBSERVER.

Magazine can be had at this office

Patterns are sent by mail, postpaid

Executor's Notice

Having qualified as Executor upon the estate of Wm. Warden, deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said deceased, to present them to me on or before March 22nd, 1895.

D. H. RAY,
Executor of Wm. Warden.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 22, 1894—6w

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect Dec. 3rd, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:10 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:27 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:30 "
Leave Sanford,	11:48 "
Leave Climax,	1:43 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	2:15 "
Leave Greensboro,	2:55 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:48 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:20 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:01 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:45 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	11:06 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:42 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:06 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:52 "
Leave Greensboro,	12:59 "
Leave Climax,	1:27 "
Leave Sanford,	3:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:25 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:30 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	7:37 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:17 "
Leave Hope Mills,	9:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	9:35 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:50 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	5:13 "
Leave Red Springs,	6:08 "
Leave Maxton,	6:47 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:50 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:40 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:25 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:40 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11:00 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m
Leave Stokesdale,	1:05 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	3:55 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:35 "

Trains No. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and Walnut Cove with the N. & W System for Winston Salem.

Train No. 16 connects at Madison with N. & W. for Roanoke and points West.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points South.

Junction points at Maxton with S. A. L., at Bennettsville with C. S. & N. R. R., at Sanford with S. A. L., at Greensboro with the Richmond and Danville system.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 35, Daily.	No. 41, Daily.	†No. 501, N. Y. and Fla. Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon	11 47	9 51		12 02
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45		
Arrive Tarboro	2 35			
Leave Tarboro	12 07			
Lv Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45	6 00	
Leave Wilson	1 55	11 25	6 35	1 57
Leave Selma	2 45			
Lv. Fayetteville	4 25	1 15		4 00
Arrive Florence	7 05	3 27		6 15
	No. 47, Daily.			
	P. M.		A. M.	
Leave Wilson	2 05		6 35	
Leave Goldboro	3 00		7 20	
Leave Magnolia	4 13		8 29	
Ar. Wilmington	5 50		10 00	
	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 78, Daily.	No. 14, Daily.	No. 40, Daily.	‡No. 500, N. Y. and Fla. Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Leave Florence	7 30	7 05		11 59
Lv. Fayetteville	10 27	9 20	A. M.	2 23
Leave Selma	12 10			
Arrive Wilson	1 5	11 18		4 30
	No. 48, Daily.			
	A. M.		P. M.	
Lv Wilmington	9 00		7 00	
Leave Magnolia	10 40		8 37	
Leave Goldsboro	12 00		9 48	
Arrive Wilson	12 45		10 35	
	No. 78, Daily.	No. 14, Daily.		
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Leave Wilson	1 15	11 23	10 40	
Ar Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05	11 25	
Arrive Tarboro	2 35			
Leave Tarboro	12 54			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05		
Arrive Weldon	3 17	12 56		6 01
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

**These trains carry only first-class passengers holding Pullman accommodations.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:40 P M, Halifax 4:00 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 4:40 P. M., Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:20 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5:30 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:30 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:40 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 8:00 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
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FREE.

A valuable 64-page medical reference book for men and women will be sent free to any address on receipt of two 2-cent stamps and mentioning this paper, by addressing Dr. Hathaway & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

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1880,	5,757,397	1888,	7,017,7 7
1881,	6 589,329	1889,	6,935,082
1882,	5,435,845	1890,	7,313,726
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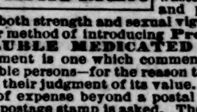

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